a few days ago reports him as partially paralyzed, but enjoying fair health not-withstanding. He hopes to live to see Seymour elected and to die a free man. Judge Sutherland, of the Supreme Court of New York, on Saturday set aside with costs the judgment of \$460,000 recently ob-tained by Ross, Steel & Co., contractors, against the Kansas & St. Joe Railroad, for

an alleged claim for \$25,000 damages. The gas strikers at Philadelphia have The gas strikers at Philadelphia have succeeded in accomplishing their ob-jects. The trustees of the gas works have complied with their demands for higher wages, and work has been re-sumed. The citizens are rejoicing at hav-ing escaped a repetition of such darkness as was experienced on Friday night.

At a meeting of the master masons, of the demands of the bricklayers. It was stated that there are 30,000 bricklayers on the strike, by whose action there are 30,-000 other mechanics out of labor.

Abel Jones, residing in Canton, Massa-chusetts, who was found dead in his bed-room on the 5th of July, with a pistol near him, and was supposed to have com-mitted suicide, but subsequently Mrs. Madden, his mother-in-law, and his wife were arrested for murdering him, and the evidence is said to be very strong

An Omaha dispatch says, Brigham the able bodied men will be at once employed grading and track-laying. Their families will be forwarded to the Utah settlement. About two thousand are expected to reach here next week. Nothing new has developed in relation to the difficulty with the engineers on the Pacific Railroad. There were reon the Pacific Raifroad. There were reports of a compromise Saturday, but they can not be traced to any reliable source.

The engineers publish a statement taking strong grounds against the position of Colonel Moore, the Superintendent, and denying the assertions made in regard to the number of miles run and hours of service. Trains are running regularly effects of heat.

service. Trains are running regularly and the business of the road is not interin the State prison at Trenton, New Jersey, Saturday night, which communicated to the south wing, and burned off two-thirds of the roof in the direction of the

vicinity of the burning building. At the Island Park, Albany, Course yesterday, Rolla Gold Dast troited under the saddle against Billy Bols, the pacer, to harness, best three in five, for one thousand dollars, Rolla won in three straight heats, Time: 2:47, 2:27 and 2:281,...

not crowded in either heat. The track is At a meeting of the journeymen brick-layers of New York on Friday evening, it was announced that contracts for eight large buildings had been concluded and

negotiations were making for several more to be built upon co-operation plan. Hon, Samuel Well's formerly Governor merly United States Senator from New Hampshire, also a brother of Ex-Govern-

In the Louisiana Legislature on Saturday, a bill was introduced to establish a parish constabulary force, to consist of not less than twenty nor more than one hundred in each parish. The members and officers will be required to take the John II. Traff, convicted a year and a

The recent fire at Sing Sing seems t The recent fire at Sing sing sectors to have been the work of the convicts, who, to the number of one hundred, had planned to seize the propeller Europa,

A party of rowdies stopped a street car near Ninty-sixth street, New York, on are to the dresses of the ladies who were

Wednesday night, and attempted to set present in force, returning from a picnic Two policemen appeared and the ruffiam

York, Saturday afternoon, was knocked down and robbed of one thousand dollars. The robber ran through two or three streets, and jumped into a butcher's cart, in which were two or three accomplices who immediately drove off and escaped.

A Havana dispatch contains Port au Prince dates of the 11th. President Salvave had proclaimed himself Emperor and was fortifying the capital. He had issued a decree banishing all who had sought refuge in a foreign consulate. sought refuge in a foreign consulate. Three days warning was given them, at the expiration of which time they were to be treated as bandits. The Corda Surcoup had arrived and taken sixty refugees on board. On Friday, the 10th, General Farbent surprised the town of Bivance, but the troops had left Fort Biscelan and repulsed the rebels, capturing some

siglnave also sent reinforcements from strongholds. They continued to atretreat, and finally withdrew inside of the wall of the city, the fortifications of which kept up a contingous five on the besiegers' camp. The Picas of the South are arming. They had taken Leagaul and Zonve, and were preparing to attack Jac-mel, which still holds out for the Govern-

eigners in the streets of Port au Prince.
Minister Hollister complains of the un-

The French man-of-war Active Agrical,
Moses Y. Beach, veteran editor of the New York Sun died at Wallingford, Connecticut, yesterday morning,
from Millican, Taxas,

report that the disturbance there is no

replies to the orders from the civil officers and agents of Freedmen's Bureau to disperse tham, There is but a small squad of soldiers on the ground.

An extensive saw-mill, owned by McDongai & Co., at Peterboro, was destroyed by fire Saturday, Loss \$40,000; partially insured, Reports from the country represent the grain crops of Canada as having suffered severely from drought.

A fire Saturday night, in Camden, New Jersey, originating in the large planing mill and oox factory of Goldy & Johnson, destroyed from twelve to fourteen buildings, including the mill. But for the

TANDEAN APOLIS DATES SENIOR NO DE LA NECESIONA DE LA NECESIONA

VOLUME XVII.

INDIANAPOLIS, MONDAY MORNING. JULY 20, 1868.

NUMBER 5,818.

of Doolittle, Ewing. Trimble and Others.

Judge Sutherland, of the Supreme Court | Most Enthusiastic Political Demonstration Ever Known in Washington.

> Crowd Variously Estimated from 50,000 to 100,000.

Rockets, Bonfires, Transparencies.

> Etc., Etc.,

Special to Indianapolis Sentinel. WASHINGTON, Saturday, July 18.

the Ohio. After considerable squabble as to the propriety of the bill, the Senate took up the bill to authorize the construction of bridges across the Ohio River. Van Winkle, who is said to be largely interested in Parkersburg and other railroads. An Omana dispatch says, brigham Young's agent is hore, making preparations for the reception and transportation of several thousand emigrants to the end of the Union Pacific railroad, where all the state besided was well be at once the violently opposed the bill, when further over the channel shall not be less than five hundred feet. Much credit is due Cary for his energy in endcavoring to secure a favorable action. The bill comes up again on Monday, and will pass the

> Illness of Congressman Morrill. Morrill, of Pennsylvania, was taken eriously ill in the House to-day, and carried to his home, where he now lies in a critical condition, suffering from the

ment Expense. in the folding room engaged in putting up campaign documents for the Southern negroes-a supposed dialogue between freedmen and radicals all done at the Government expense.

in the new wing, some narrowly escaping resolution vesterday requesting the Presi-

Passed the Senate to-day. It allows the transfer to the United States Court any suit brought against a corporation created by Federal law, It is intended to prevent the Pacific and other railroads being responsible before a State tribunal.

The Commissionership of Internal Rev Rumor says the President will tender

The Fire Department Destroyed. The radical municipal government of this city has destroyed the fire department, and property is now at the mercy of the flames. The negroes and carpet baggers say they have none to burn.

ANOTHER DISPATCH. Immense Democratic Ratification Meet-

The Democratic Ratification Meeting to night is the largest and most enthusiastic political demonstration ever known in Washington. The crowd is variously esglare of rockets lighted up the streets and avenues. A sea of transparencies was exhibited, bearing mottoes rich and amusing. One in the procession bore an enormous carpet bag on a pole, labelled, music were counted by scores. The stand was beautifully decorated with flags

mottoes and Chinese lanterns. Letters and Dispatches of Indorsement Numerous letters were received, among them the following:

Pendleton Said:

"I shall be found in the thickest of the fight, cheering for Seymour and Blair with my voice, and aiding them with my

Ex-Governor Parker of New Jersey Telegraphed:

"I heartily indorse the platform and the nominees. I know Governor Seymour. My official position during the war enabled me to see much of him, and I know that thoughout that great struggle he was governed by the purest and most patriotic motives. He is undoubtedly the first statesman in the country. His election would restore constitutional Government. General Blair is a distinguished soldier, with large experience

The Democratic State Convention of Kermont monitated H. W. Patons and Giles Harrington electors at large.

Great preparation is being made at the continuance of the

acknowledged the indisoluble character that party organizations are inseparable from a Republican Government, and that usurpers who now sit in cushioned chairs of the American Union. The Congressional in yonder Capitol, have occupied their time in filling Quartermaster's, Commissaries', and contract departments with their friends and relatives, and who never overthrowing strongly the Constitution saw rebel fire except at Bull Run where they stampeded the Federal army. If of these views, I feel called upon by an they stampeded the Federal army. If that army of patriots which swept from the Ohio river to the Gulf, had suspected the usurpation of Congress, they would have turned their arms from the rebels and marched on to Washington. [Tre-ple for their ratification or rejection. Reyes," from many soldiers in the crowd.]
We have found out since the war, fellow
soldiers, what the Sumners, the Wilsons
and the Butlers meant by the war. They Grant and Sherman Condemn Butler's Enquisition.

Butler's Star Chamber is severely handled by General's Grant and Sherman. Grant writes to Blaine to protect General Dyer against the action of the Inquisition:

and the Butlers meant by the war. They cy in that office by death, resignation or close to work and southern States, and Southern statesmen. If it were not for fear of a terrible tragedy, the congressional action would be a monstrous farce. Even the walls of the structure they have creeted have to be propped from the outcome. They is a terrible tragedy the congressional action would be a monstrous farce. Even the walls of the structure they have creeted have to be propped from the outcome. They are the following the constitution of the Inquisition:

Dyer against the action of the Inquisition:
"I know Dyer, and know him to be incapable of a dishonest action." Sherman writes to Howard: "Your 'Inquisition Joint Committee' on Ordnance Investigation is a violation of the Constitution: Dyer is entitled to a fair trial according to law." The committee reported a joint of the constitution is the committee reported a joint of the constitution is the committee reported a joint of the committee reported a joint of the committee receted have to be propped from the outside by Northern bayonets. On the add of November next, the American people will determine to restore those States to their constitutional rights. Should this by any possibility fail, the white population of the Constitution of those States may succeed in placing the President and Vice President, the duties of the Executive Department of the Covernment, rather than upon one connected with either the Legislative or Judicial by any possibility fail, the white population of those States may succeed in placing the President and Vice President, the duties of the Executive Departments. The objections to designation of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Senate, or Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and the constitution of the Constitutio ernments otherwise. As sure as Anglo Swerable that they need not be stated i detail. It is enough to stafe that the dent to remove Dyer from the head of the Ordnance Department. The President will be an upheaval and civil war, and Ordnance Department. The President will not be likely to comply.

Nomination of Collector Smythe Rejected.

The Senate rejected the nomination of Collector Smythe for the Austrian Mission. John G. Saxe will probably receive the nomination and be confirmed.

The Bill Regulating Corporations
Passed the Senate to-day. It allows the Do we live under a Constitution, or under a Congress? Not only have the Radicals destroyed ten Southern States and erected ten St. Domingoes, but they have overthrown the Constitution of the country. I have been appealed to more than a hundred times to support the great soldier with whom I had fought for the Union. the Commissionership of the Internal It is because I loved the Union enough to Revenue Bureau to Judge Caton, of Illi- fight for it that I shall vote against General Grant. Donelson, Vicksburg and Mission Ridge will carry his

Mission Ridge will carry his name to immortality, but I am not prepared to admit that General Grant's statesmanship is as well established. As this great soldier has established. As this great soldier has established a party bent on accepted the leadership of a party bent on the destruction of the Government, he is not entitled to the respect or support of any man who were the blue. [Great cheering.]

General Ewirg closed with an elequent eulogy on the Democratic nominces. He was followed by Trimble, of Kentuck.

was followed by Trimble, of Kentucky, and several other eminent speakers, During the evening speeches were delivered at two other stands to immense

[To the Associated Press.] A Message from the President Recommending Certain Amendments to the

WASHINGTON, Saturday, July 18.

Washington, Saturday, July 18.

The President this afternoon sent the following message to the two Houses of Congress:

To the Senate and House of Representatives:

To the Senate and House of Representatives: Experience has illustrated the wisdom of the powers of the framers of the Federal Constitution under all circumstances. The result of their labors was as near approximation to perfect as was compatible with the fallibility of men, being the estimation in which the Constitution has ever

with my voice, and aiding them with my arm."

English, of Connecticut. said:

"New Haven, Conn., July 18, 1868.

"J. D. Hanner, Esq.:

"Sir: Pleaso accept my congratulations upon the nominations of Seymour and the congreded that time has developed. country, to liberty, and to humanity. It insures the relief of an overburdened the preservation of the Union, and the preservation of the Government. Connecticut will be true to the Constitution, and the Union, and will cast her electoral vote for Saymour and Blair."

Ex-Governor Parker of New Jersey Telegraphed:

"I heartily indorse the platform and our. My official notice."

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"I we provisions, it must be constitution, the information of which has developed imperfections and omissions in the constitution, the information of which has been demanded by the best interests of the country. Some of these have been remedied in the manner provided in the constitution. There are others which although heretofore brought to the attention of the government of the preservation of the government of the preservation of the Government of the preservation of the Constitution. There are others which although heretofore brought to the attention of the people, have never been so presented as to enable them to determine whether they should be corrected by measures as I deem necessary or expedition for their adoption and submission in the constitution which is the constitution of the graphed.

"I heartily indorse the platform and the nominees. I know Governor Service."

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density of from twelv to fouritien built and cox factory of Goldy & Johnson, the way are stated by the fairness and the several States and leading the fine several States and leading the several States and leading th

to do, and what we had spent millions of treasure and sacrificed half a million lives to prevent.

The speaker then proceeded with a terrible arraignment of the radical-party, and closed by declaring it the duty of all men who would rescue civil liberty and save their country, to rally to the standard of Seymour, the distinguished statesman of New York, and Blair, the hero and statesman of Missouri, and by an exard of Seymour, the distinguished states man of New York, and Blair, the hero and statesman of Missouri, and by an exercise of moral power they could compel this Congress to respect their constitutional obligations.

The next Speaker was General Thomas Ewing, who was received amid the wildest applause. After order was restored

Tr. Ewing Staid.

I heartily endorse the New York nominations. We were on the threshhold of the most eventful era in the history of the country. We had spent five billions of money and sacrificed five hundred thouse and lives to prove that this Government was indissoluble. The war had been a splendid success; the Southern forts had all been dismantled and their guns turned seaward. The commerce of the Galf. We went to war to settle a disputed question which have received the money and sacrificed five hundred thouse of the Galf. We went to war to settle a disputed question which have received the money and success; the Southern forts had all been dismantled and their guns turned seaward. The commerce of the great was no way to sottle it except by the wayer of battle. The South has renounted the heretical doctrine of secession, and as aknowledged the indisoluble character of the heretical doctrine of secession, and as aknowledged the indisoluble character of the forther of the American Union. The Congressional as aknowledged the indisoluble character of the American Union. The Congressional as aknowledged the indisoluble character of the American Union. The Congressional and saknowledged the indisoluble character of the American Union. The Congressional forms a right to cast his store for party organizations as first the content of the American Union and for any voter to cast in suffrage for any other person and interest the party organizations, that the provision of the Constitution which requires the celection, as is now presented in the same manner as plendid success; the Southern forts had all been dismantled and their guns turned seaward. The commerce of the great object to vote f

volve on the Vice President, in case the death, removal, resignation or inability both of the President and Vice President, the powers and duties of said office shall devolve on the Secretary of State, for the the vacancy in that or the other Departments, and in the order in which f Departments, and in the order in which they are named. On the Secretary of the Treasurer, on the Secretary of War, on the Secretary of the Navy, on the Secretary of the Interior, on the Postmaster and Attorney General, and such officers on whom the powers and duties of the President shall devolve in accordance with the foregoing provisions, shall act as President until the disability shall be removed or a President shall be elegted as is or may be provided for by the second sec And be it further resolved, That article

1, section 2, be amended so as to read as follows: The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the persons quali-fied to vote for members of the Legisla-ture thereof for six years, and each Senator shall have one vote.
Section A. - And be it further resolved. ooth Supreme and inferior courts shall hold their office lasting the term of twelve for further services, a compensation which shall not be diminished during States, within twelve months after the ratification of this amendment by three-fourths of all the States, as provided by the Constitution of the United States, to near as may be possible, in three classes. The seats of the Judges of the first class shall be vacated at the end of the fourth

year; from such classification of the sec ond class at the expiration of the eighth year; of the third class at the expiration of the twelfth year, as that one-third-may ion, contemplate the designation of any Confirmations and Rejections. other than the officer of the Executiv The Senate has confirmed the following The Senate has confirmed the following nominations:
For Postmasters: At Chicago, George H. Myers; Aberton, Wis., E. R. Merrill; Lake City, Minn., James Nourse, Receiver of Public Moneys at Bayfield, Wis., T. J. Bowers; H. Knowles Associate Justice of Montana; H. O. Warren, Chief Justice of Montana, and S. Day, Surveyor General of California.
The Senate rejected H. O. Smythe, Minister to Austria; B. F. Bainbridge, Registry of the Land Office at Vizala, Cal.; W. contingency has been remote, and pre-vious attention has been called to the manifest contiguity between the provisbeen brought face to face with the question, it seems an eminently proper time for us to make the legislation enform to the language, interface the Executive Department beyond the greach of usuration and remove from try of the Land Office at Vizala, Cal.; W H. Parker, Secretary of Idaho; J. 1 Winstanley, Assessor of Internal Rev nue for the Second District of Indiana.

people for their action. Experience seems to have established the necessity of an amendment of that clause of the Constitution, which provides for the elec-

tion of Senators to Congress by the Legislatures of the several States. It would be more consistent with the genius of our government if the

Senators who were chosen directly by the people of the several States and the ob-jection to the election of Senators by Leg-islature are so palpable that I deem it unnecessary to do more than submit

United States during the good behavior or during life is imcompatible with the

or during life is incompatible with the spirit of the Republican government. In this opinion I am fully sustained by evidences of popular judgment on this subject in the different States, therefore I deem it my duty to recommend an amendment to the Constitution, by which the terms of Judicial officers would be limited to a period of years, and I hereby present it in the hope that Congress will submit it to the people for their decision. The foregoing views have long been entertained by me. In 1845, on the laws of representatives, and afterwards, in 1850, in the United States

whereas, The fifth article of the constitution of the United States,

Whereas, The fifth article of the constitution of the United States provides

The following postmasters were rejected: A. R. Wallace, Mattoon, Ill.; Thos Hay, as Secretary of Legation at Flor-

A statement has been published im-organing the loyality of Hon. Frederick A. Sawyer, Senator elect from South Carolina, there is the authority of General Bennet who was in command of Char-leston following the surrender of that city for saying the statement is wholly estitute of truth, and Mr. Sawver left the rebels during the war to escape con-scription, he gave unmistakable eviden-ces of his thorough sympathy with the

Union cause. The Grand Ratification-Immense Out pouring-Powerful Speeches of Emi-

A large Democratic Mass meeting was held in front of the City Hall last night. A salute of 100 guns was fired while a band of music was playing. Speeches were made by Senator Doolittle, Representative Trimble of Kentucky. Henry Ewing and other Senators were prevented the speaker to state what position we would occupy when Congress assembled. The Speaker replied that the tariff bill was now the unfinished business of the Committee of the Whole, and at the commencement of next sersion it would be first in order. held in front of the City Hall last night. A salute of 100 guns was fired while a band of music was playing. Speeches were made by Senator Doolittle, Repre-

NEW ORLEANS.

ing—The Largest Political Gathering Eyer Held in Lauisiana—New York Nominations and Platform Indorsed,

for amendments thereto, in the manner following, viz: Congress, whenever two-thirds of the members of both Houses shall deem it necessary, and shall propose amendments to the constitution, or on application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several States shall call a convention for proposing amendments. A mass Democratic ratification, probably the largest one held in Louisiana, took place here last night. Lafayette square and the streets in the vicinity were densely packed. There were 300 Vice Presidents from substantial and respectable citizens. Reconstitutes indersing the CONGRESSIONAL

40th Congress -- Second Session

Mr. Trumbull called up the bill in relation to corporations created by the laws of the United States. It authorizes a transfer from States to the Federal Courts of suits against corporations created by an act of Congress, on corporations filing statements that such cases involve questions arising under laws.

an act of Congress, on corporations filing statements that such eases involve questions arising under laws and treaties of the United States. Passed 30 to 13.

Mr. Morton called up the bill to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Ohio River, recently published.

Mr. Van Winkle opposed it, arguing that the proposed span of five hundred feet was impracticable, unnecessary and dangerous. It was aimed, he said, at two bridges now building.

Mr. Morton replied that he had submitted the testimony of the merchants and

Mr. Morton replied that he had submitted the testimony of the merchants and Boards of Trade of Cincinnati and Pittsburg, and pilots of the Ohio River; the petitions to this body showing the necessity of protection of navigation, and he said no opposition was made except by two railroad companies that wanted the bridges and would for that purpose imperil the commerce of the country. He read from the reports of Colonel Roberts in charge of Engineering on the Ohio River, and Colonel Warren to show the necessity and feasibility of a five hun-

Mr. Pomeroy followed in opposition to the bill, holding that 500 feet spans are impossible in any but suspension bridges, and that no instances of a railroad bridge of more than 350 feet span can be found in the United States,
Messrs. Pomeroy and Cameron having

abroad, and pending the bill was laid over.
Mr. Sumner spoke at length in opposition to the text, and read the cable press dispatches relative to Lord Stanley's statement in Parliament relative to naturali-zation and accepting his own view of the

A message was read from the President recommending certain amendments to the Constitution, and referred the amendments to the Judiciary Committee.

The Chair submitted the ratification of the fourteenth amendment by South Car-

amendment to the Constitution. Referred to the Judiciary Committee

HOUSE.

report.

Mr. Ely replied to Mr. Jeneks' remarks,

burne was adopted.

Mr. Dawes, from the Committee on
Elections, reported a resolution that in

South Carolina, and moved that the test oath be administered. The six representatives were sworn in.

Their names are as follows: Louisiana-M. Vidal, J. H. Syper, J. P. Jewsham, James Mann and W. Jasper Newsham, James Mann and W. Jasper Blackburn. South Carolina—J. H. Goss and J. B. Whittemore. Mr. Garrield, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported a joint resolu-Ways and Means, reported a joint resolu-tion, providing that in all cases where pri-yate soldiers served out their term of enlistment, and were honorably discharged from the service, the Secretary of War shall, on application of the party, remove any charge of desertion that may stand on the roll against such soldier, where he has been convicted for desertion by a court martial, which passed.

The Speaker presented a communica-tion from the Governor of South Carolina, transmitting a joint resolution of the Legislature, ratifying the 14th amendment of the Constitution. Referred to the Committee on Reconstruction.

Mr. Moorehead made a statement in reference to the tariff bill. He on conwith the Committee on Ways and Means. This forenon, it has been concluded at this late stage of the session it was better to antagonize the business before the House, and it was very certain if the bill passed the House it could not pass the Senate this session. He had consulted, within the last two or three days, members of the Finance Committee of the Senate and was satisfied, even if the House passed the bill the Senate would not take it up and act upon it. The tariff

penalties. Passed.
The House then went into the Committee of the Whole, with Mr. Pomeroy in the Chair, on the funding bill.
The amendments to section four, by the Committee on Ways and Means, which were merely verbal were agreed to.
Mr. Randall offered the following as a

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, July 18. Mr. Tipton introduced a bill granting lands to aid the reconstruction of a railroad from Nebraska City to intersect the Union and Parific Railroad. Referred. A joint rosolution for the restoration of Commander Hughes, of the navy, to the commander Hughes, of the navy, to the active list was passed.

Mr. Cattel reported from the Committee on Finance and recommended an indefinite postponement of the resolutions of the Constitutional Conventions of Georgia and Mississippi asking loans from the Government. Agreed to.

Mr. Trumbull called up the bill in relation to comparations granted by the laws

necessity and feasibility of a five hundred feet span. He insisted that the bridges could be built as cheaply with a five hundred as a three hundred feet

indicated an intention to offer amend-ments to the bill, Mr. Conness insisted upon the special order bill for the protec-tion of the rights of our own citizens

Mr Conness spoke at length in support of his amendment, and the general prin-ciple of protection to naturalized citizens

Mr. Sherman offered a joint resolution, declaring the ratification of the fourteenth

A resolution was adopted to print 10,000 opies of the Internal Revenue law, as assed on the 23d. A resolution relative to compensation for printing, being offered by Mr. Ely, recommending 70 cents additional per thousand on Patent Office business, drew-forth a request for the reading of the report relating thereto, whereupon Mr. Washburne offered a resolution that the Secretary of the Interior furnish full in-formation on the subject. Mr. Jeneks defended the Department of the Interior and the Commissioner of Patents from the charge conveyed in the

and gave some illustrations of the mode by which the Government is victimized through contracts made in the Interior which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office, and it/shall be the duty of the President of the United Ely was passed.

The resolution offered by Mr. Washington reported by Mr. Washington resolution offered by Mr. Washington resolution.

elections.
The resolution was adopted,
Mr. Dawes reported back the credentials of the representatives elected from Louisiana, and two representatives from

sultation with his friends and especially men had reason to feel very grateful to the House for their strong support. The measure had been received every time and had been a test vote. He therefore felt willing it should remain until the

were made by Senator Senators were prevented by indisposition from addressing the meeting.

Entertainment given by Mr. Burlingame to the Washington Press.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Last night liberally enter
Washington, July 19.—Last night Washington Press.

Washington, July 19.—Last night liberally enter
Washington, July 19.—Last night liberally enter-

WASHINGTON, July 19.—Last night Minister Burlingame liberally entertained the representatives of the press in this city, at the Metropolitan Hotel. It was intended as a mark of appreciation for the kind terms in which they have hertofore spoken of him in connection with his great mission, General Banks occupied the left end of the table opposite to Mr. Burlingame, and on his right and left sit Chin and Son, who are next in rank to Mr. Burlingame.

Mr. Randall offered the following as a new section:

"Be it jurther enacted, etc., That after the passage of this act, all exchanges, purchases or sales of the bonds of the United States shall be made by inviting competition from the public, by advertising for proposals for any such exchanges, sales or purchases, which shall be awarded to the best bidder or bidders, the Secretary of the Treasury reserving the right to reject any such bids should he deem it to the public interest to do so."

It was agreed to.

The next amendment was that reported to follow section four, in reference to tax

Mr. Schenck moved to add the following to the section: And the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe regulations for the purpore of determining in every case who is the actual owner of the corcase who is the actual owner of the cor-pon presented for payment or of interest demanded; and whether every exemption to which the owner may be entitled have already been allowed or to be deducted, be admitted.

The section reported by the Committee on Ways and Means does not apply to

on Ways and Means does not apply to foreigners.

The amendment was agreed to.

Mr. Pike explained that the substitute offered by him provided for the taxing of the income arising from United States bonds held by foreigners. That made the difference between it and the proposition of the Committee on Ways and Means, and the vote upon it would be a test question.

Mr. Benton declared his belief that they had no right to tax foreigners. Taxthey had no right to tax foreigners. Tax-ation and repudiation were inseparable. The committee arose without disposing

message was referred to the Judiciary Committee and ordered printed.
The House again went into committee on the funding bill.
Mr. Gartield opposed the taxation of bonds held abroad.

Mr. Paine moved to amend by making the tax apply at the end of pyear, which was rejected.

The question was then taken on Pike's substitute which provided to tax th come of bonds owned abroad and it was rejected, 38 to 73.

The section as reported by the commit-

The section as reported by the committee on ways and means, was agreed to.

Mr. Logan offered an amendment as an additional section, as follows:

And be it further enacted, That on and after the passage of this act, all the authority under any existing law, to issue bonds on interest bearing treasury notes, or the obligations of the United States shall cease, provided that nothing herein shall prayent the conversion of treasury. Watches in Gold and Silver Cases, shall prevent the conversion of treasury notes known as 7-30's into 5-20 bonds, nor the change of registered bonds for coupon

companies as provided by law.

This was agreed to.

Mr. Schenck offered an additional section to compel bonds to be deposited in the Treasury. "Such bonds as are author-ized by this act." Rejected. Mr. Lynch offered an amendment, regulating the sale of gold.

A point of order being made by Mr. Randall, the amendment was ruled out of order as not genuine.

Mr. Maynard offered an amendment for the redemption of United States notes in coin after January 1, 1869. Rejected. Mr. Ross offered an amendment for the ubstitution of greenbacks for Nationa currency bank notes. Ruled out of order.
Mr. Ingersoll moved to amend, by providing that the bill shall apply to bonds expressly, payable in lawful money. Re Mr. Niblack offered an amendment, to

ubject bonds to State and municipal tax-tion, to the same extent as money. Rejected by a vote of 28 to 85.

Mr. Garfield called attention to the fact that it was a strict party vote.

Mr. Broomall offered a modification to the 1st section, fixing the lowest denomination nation of bonds at \$100. Rejected. nation of bonds at \$100. Rejected.

The question was then taken on the substitute offered by Mr. Boutwell, providing for classes of bonds—one at 5 per cent, for citizens of the United States, and one at 4 per cent., payable in the United States, London, Frankfort or Paris, and it was rejected. t was rejected—55 to 65. Messrs. Kelsey and Hooker offered substitutes for the bill, which were rejected.

The Committe rose and reported the Mr. Schenck moved the previous question, which Mr. Boutwell opposed, that he might offer his substitute in the

ious question -91 against 73. Mr. Boutwell then offered his substitute, which, with the bill as reported from the committee, was ordered printed, the vote to be taken on Monday evening. BEN. J. SPOONER, U. S. Marshal, District of Indiana, iv:20-d2t Messenge

CABLE.

Lespon, Sunday, July 19. Reports of the harvest from all parts of the United Kingdom show that the yield of wheat exceeds the moral average of

crops.

The Protection of Naturalized Citizens.
CARLSRUTH, July 19.—The American Minister has con 'uded his negotiations with the Grand Ducal Government for a treaty for the mutual protection of the rights of natural ed citizens, and the document has been signed by high contracting parties of both sides. The treaty is ideas in the contracting parties of both sides. The treaty is identical with those previously negotiated by Mr. Bancroft.

Popular Demonstration in Favor of Parliamentary Measures for Aboli-tion of Irish Church Establishment. LONDON, July 19 .- A popular demontration took place in this city to-day in favor of the parliamentary measures for the abolition of the Irish Church establishment. A procession, consisting of workingmen carrying banners and wearing green ribbons, proceeded to Hyde Park, where a mass meeting was organ-ized. After addresses from several speak-ers had been delivered resolutions strongly protesting against the rejection by the House of Lords of Irish Church appoint-

ments.
The suspension bill was adopted. About two thousand persons were present at the meeting. Their proceedings were orderly, and there was no interference on the part of the police. Sailing of American Squadron.

SOUTHAMPTON, July 19.-The American

squadron, under command of Admiral Farragut, sailed to-day from Solent. The flag ship Franklin, with Admiral Farragut on board, has gone to Gibraltar. The steamer Tyconderogo to Cork.

THE HEATED TERM. NASHVILLE, Saturday, July 18,

Four cases of sun stroke to-day. Two CINCINNATI, July 18.-Nineteen cases of un stroke have been reported since five 'clock yesterday, nine of which were atal. Several of the others are in a dangerous condition. A very refreshing shower fell this afternoon, cooling the air

considerably. The prospects are good for New YORK, July 18.—Twenty-four deaths by heat were reported at the coro-ner's office yesterday. This morning the wind is south and very light, with indi-Indianapolis Insurance Comp'y, cations of another extremely hot day. PHILADELPHIA, July 19 .- The thermometer to-day indicates 95°. The city was visited by a thunderstorm this evening, the first for fourteen days. MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 19.—The mercury ranged from 92° to 100° to day. Eight deaths from the excessive heat the past twenty-four hours, including Lieutenant Gay Ryan, Thirty-fifth United States In-

stroke were reported yesterday; one fatal. St. Louis, July 19.—There were twelve deaths yesterday from the effects of the heat, and eight to-day. For the week ending last night nearly sixty persons have died of sun stroke, apoplexy, or other diseases superinduced by the heat. To-day was as hot as any preceding until deaths vesterday from the effects of the about two o'clock, when a heavy thunder, lightning and wind storm passed over the city, which changed the temperature a good deal, and since then it has been comparatively comfortable. Very little rain fell.

DIED.

BRYAN.-Calie A., son of F. A. and Jennie S. 'clock, of inflammation of lungs and bowels. Funeral services will be held at the family residence, corner of Massachusetts avenue and Vermont street, this (Monday) morning, at half past

HARPENNY .- Clara Small, infant daughter of S. and Mary Ann Harpenny, aged 10 months and 14 days.

Funeral services by C. B. Davisson, at No. 32

CAMPAICN MEDALS, ETC.

CALESKEN WANTED—To travel and sell poods by sample. Good wages and steady employment characters. Good stiesmen on commission or salary. Send for circular. Address LANPHEAR & PERSY. 109 Bank Street, CLEVELAND, OHIO. CAMPAIGN PINS AND MEDALS.

Now ready, (New York prices.) Send 25 cents for amples of each Stencils, Stencil Tools and Stencil Stock.

LANPHEAR & PERKY.

my30 d&w3m my30 dawsm

Wanted—One good energetic agent in very county in the State, (where no agent is already located) to sell the FLORENCE SEW-ING MACHINESSEE Only Machine made having the reversable Feed Mction and making more than one kind of stitch: For terms, circular, etc., address

J. M. SMITH, General Agent, 27 North Pennsylvania street, apr22 d3m

Indianapolus.

FOR SALE.

A FINE CHANCE Splendid New Residence for Sale.

I OFFER for sale my fine new Residence on of twelve rooms, supplied with gas and other conveniences; new stable, carriage house, wood shouse, etc.; large lot, well set with fruit and shade trees; three squares from Postoffice, and shade trees; three squares from Postoffice, and shalf square from Massachusetts avenue street cars. I also offer for sale 90 feet front on East Washington street, just east of corporation line; a nice place for a suburban residence, high and dry, and a good neighborhood. For terms, inquire or address the subscriber, at Craft & Phipp's Jewelry Store, No. 14 North Pennsylvania street.

134 dlimeod W. H. CRAFT. IWO COTTAGE HOUSES, on South Illinois street, three rooms each and cellar. Price.

jyl8 d3t No. 35½ E. Washington street.

FOUND-A pair of steel spectacles with tin case, which can be had at this office, by proving property and paying for this notice. jy20-dit

WATCH ACENCY. AMERICAN WATCH AGENCY

WE have just received from the Factory at Waltham, Massachusetts, a large variety of

With all the late improvements.

WE have all the different grades, AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY, APPLETON, TRACY & CO., WALTH-M WATCH COMFANY, P.S. BARTLETT, WILLIAM ELLERY and the HOME WATCH.

NOTICE the prices asked by other dealers, and Our Stock of Watches and Prices.

A Liberal Discount MADE TO THE TRADE. WE have a fine line of

50 East Washington Street, W. P. BINGHAM & CO.

SOLID SILVER GOODS, DIAMONDS, FINE JEWELRY

BANKRUPTCY. In Bankruptey.

THIS is to give notice that on the 14th day of July, A. D. 1825, a Warrant in Bankruptey was issued against the estate of Stephen B. Vancleave, of Greenenstle, in the county of Putnam, and State of Indiana, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition: That the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him is forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and

TREASURY STATEMENT.

Treasury Statement. STATEMENT showing the Receipts and Dir-bunsements of the Treasury of the State of Indiana, for the month ending 30th of June, 1968, to-wit:

\$2,270,067 68 DISBURSEMENTS. Insane Hospital...
Deaf and Dumb Asylum...
Blind Asylum...
General Fund...
Judiciary...
School Distribution...

Contingent
Specific
Pay of Adjutant General...
Soldiers' Home...
House of Refuge...
Swamp Lands...
Estates without Heirs... Military Agencies..... State Debt, Interest... relegraphing Secretary's Office.... Executive..... State Normal School.... 1.688,930 18 Balance in Treasury, July 581,137 50

NATHAN KIMBALL, Treasurer of State. T. B. McCARTY, Auditor of State. jy20-d&wlt INSURANCE.

CHARTERED, 1886.

Corner Virginia avenue and Pennsylvania street. INDIANAPOLIS, IND. RECEIVE Money on Deposit, Buy and Sell Exchange, Discount good Commercial Paper and Pay interest on either large or small time Deposits. A safe place for persons of limited means to deposit their small earnings.

Continue to write on first class Dwelling and Business Bides at recompile are small earnings. Continue to write on hirst class.
siness Risks, at reasonable rates.
WM. HENDERSON, President.
ALEX. C. JAMESON, Secretary. my5 d&w3m

DAVIS & GREENE,

General Insurance Agents. REPRESENT the following reliable Comps-

parties to the training covery, sine said, which are that the drived with grounder-two to my packet, the driving didd." Jess dawner

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL TICKET. FOR PRESIDENT.

HORATIO SEYMOUR. Of New York

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, General FRANCIS P. BLAIR, Jr., Of Missouri.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET. For Governor. Thomas A. Hendricks, of Marion. For Lieutenant Governor. Alfred P. Edgerton, of Allen. For Secretary of State, REUBEN C. KISE, of Boone, For Auditor of State. JOSEPH V. BEMUSDAFFER, of Franklin

For Treasurer of State, JAMES B. RYAN, of Marion. For Clerk of Supreme Court, NOAH S. LAROSE, of Case. For Reporter of Supreme Court, M. A. O. PACKARD, of Marshall, For Superintendent of Public Instruction, JOHN R. PHILLIPS, of Daviess. For Attorney General. SOLOMON-CLAYPOOL, of Putnam. For Electors at Large, JOHN R. COFFROTH, of Huntington. BAYLESS W. HANNA, of Vigo. Contingents. JASON B. BROWN, of Jackson. WILLIAM M. FRANKLIN, of Owen.

For District Electors, First District—Thomas R. Cobb, of Knox. Contingent—R. S. Sproule, of Vanderburg. Second District-Jones G. Howard, of Clarks. Contingent-G. T. B. Carr, of Dubois. Third District-James Gavin, of Decatur. Contingent-Elhanan C. Devore, of Jenning Fourth District-John S. Reid, of Fayette. Contingent-Benjamin L. Smith, of Rush. Fifth District-John M. Lord, of Marion. Sixth District—A. B. Carleton, of Lawrence. Contingent—Samuel R. Hamill, of Sullivan. Seventh District-T. F. Davidson, of Fountain Eighth District—James F. McDowell, of Grant Contingent—N. R. Linsday, of Howard. Ninth District-John Colorick, of Allen. Contingent-Samuel A. Shoaff, of Jay. Tonth District-O. II. Main, of Elkhart. Contingent-E. Van Long, of Noble. Eleventh District-Not appointed.

Democratic Congressional Non Second District-Michael C. Kerr. Third District-William S. Holman. Fourth District-John S. Reid. Fifth District-John W. Keightly. Seventh District-Mahlon D. Manson Ninth District-Robert Lowry. Tonth District-Andrew Elliso Eleventh District-M. K. Farrand.

The Difference Senator Morton on Finances in 1867 and in 1868. Senator Morron delivered a carefully prepared speech at Columbus, Ohio, August 27, 1867, to a Republican meeting, which was received, as the account states, "with manifestations of hearty approval." On the day following this "great effort" of the Senator appeared in full in the

waiting for a breeze, a Democratic breeze, to spread it over the land.

The Democratic leaders of the North intend to make their final and desperate great injustice to the Democracy in the stand for existence and power upon that question. They will appeal to the basest passions of the people, to their cupidity, to their selfishness, to the satanic temptation of exemption from taxes, to the poor against the rich, and to labor against cap-ital. latest forms in which repudiation has shown its horrid front is the proposition to pay off the whole national debt in greenbacks * * * * 1 will not stop to discuss the breach of faith. I will not stop to consider what would be the effect upon the currency and business of the country to issue a thousand mil-lion of greenbacks. If the greenbacks are to be redeemed, then the body of the debt is not paid—only another form of obliga-tion given for it. If the greenbacks are not redeemed then the whole not redeemed then the whole debt is repudiated. It is very absurd to bout paying a debt by giving an-obligation for it which is not to be And I notice this proposition as a

weak device of the enemy by which they

approach direct repudiation. * * * *

A party is utterly lost to shame which A party is utterly lost to sname which deliberately proposes the nation's dis-honor, and has but one duty to perform which is to die." So discoursed Morron less than a year ago upon the proposition to pay that por- written another letter to a distinguished tion of the public debt, which according to the spirit and intent of the law that created it, is payable in the 'lawful United States Senator from that State. money" of the country, a currency that is generally known by the deems the presence of a negro in the term "greenbacks." He regarded it United States Senate so highly important as the "black cloud of repudia- and vitally necessary "to settle the question." as deliberately proposing the "nation's dishonor." The proposition her creditors, or did it involve repudia- ter: tion. In fact, it was accompanied with the pledge to pay the debt in good faith, the interest upon all the bonds in gold, when gold was promised in gold, and when "legal tenders" were promised, in the "lawful money" of the country. It was not proposed either to increase the greenback currency beyond what the to a sum that would advance the price tion to increase the taxation beyond what it was at that time. It was demonstrated by figures that with proper retrenchment

necessities of commerce required, or of gold. Neither was there any proposiand economy in the public expenditures, and with the substitution of "greenbacks" for the National bank currency, that the five hundred and twenty millions of 5-20's which would soon be due at the option of the Government could be cancelled, thus saving annually over thirty millions of gold interest and in a few years wipe out the whole indebtedness. These are the propositions that Senator Morron denounced as the "black cloud of repudiation" charged with all kinds of evil to the

A few days ago Senator Monton de livered a speech in the Senate upon the funding bill. This last effort of the Senator is remarkable not for its intrinsic merit, but for showing that his mind had undergene a complete change upon what is known as the greenback theory for the payment of the public debt. What was the "black cloud of repudiation" in 1867, has suddenly become, in the Senator's opinion, the contract between the Government and its creditors. The conversion of SAUL of Tarsus was not more sudden or wonderful than the remarkable change of the Senator upon a great onestion not only of public policy but of the nation's honor. We give a few extracts the leaders of the Radical party are "pofrom the Senator's speech, to show how he lifts the "black cloud of repudiation" from the proposition to pay the 5-20's in "lawful money," just as contracted when the loan was made. Senator Morron, in the land, and the party will "sustain dehis speech in the Senate, July 13, said: "Mr. President, I believe that the law -and it is to the law that we must look in regard to this question, after all—is with the Senator from Ohio on this ques-When it is asserted that the Gov ernment is bound to redeem the five twenties in coin, I say it is not only with-out the law, but is in express violation of at least four statutes. The law authoriz-ing the ten-forties declares that principal and interest shall be paid in coin. The several laws creating the five-twenties de-clare that the interest shall be paid in that the interest shall be paid in coin, but are silent as to the principal of the debt, and do not say in what kind of money the principal shall be paid. This

But it is said by the Senator from Massachusetts and the Senator from Congress against Beast Butler, in the mont that the Government is as much bound to pay the principal of the five-twenties in original control or original control original co

what debts they will pay, and what debts they will not pay, they must dook to the laws creating the legal tender notes and not to the statutes authorizing the five-

wenty bonds. The act of February 25, 1862, by its sec-The act of February 25, 1862, by its second section, authorized the first issue of five-twenty bonds, and by its first section the first issue of legal tender notes; and in said first section declares such notes herein authorized shall be received in payment of all taxes, internal duties, excises, debts and demands of every kind due the United States, except duties on imports, and all claims and demands against the United States of any kind whatsever, except for interest upon against the United States of any kind whatsoever, except for interest upon bonds and notes, which shall be paid in coin, and shall also be lawful money and a legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, within the United States, except duties on imports and interest aforesaid.

The declaration is that such notes shall be stated by the payment "to all laters."

The declaration is that such notes shall be receivable in payment "of all claims and demands against the United States of every kind whatsoever, except for interest upon bonds and notes, which shall be paid in coin." More comprehensive language could not be employed, and you can not conceive of any dobt against the United States left out of this phrase, but that which is specially excepted. It comprehends all claims and demands of whatsoever kind. A bond is a claim; a bond is a demand. The very exception proves that ever kind. A bond is a claim; a bond is a demand. The very exception proves that bonds were comprehended in the phrase, for if they were not there was no necessity for excepting the interest upon them. But the statute does not stop here. It goes on to say tautologically that such notes "shall also be lawful money and a legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, within the United States, except duties on imports and interest as aforesaid." Every debt which the United States owes is a public debt; it has no private debts, and a five-twenty bond is a public debt in the fullest sense of those words for which the law declare such notes shall be lawful money and a legal tender. Was ever a statuto more comprehensive, uneever a statute more comprehensive, unequivocal, or plainly written? If the effect of this language can be varied or destroyed by argument, then no statute

destroyed by argument, then no statute can be drawn which can withstand the lawyers' ingenuity. But there are three other statutes to the same effect with the one I have just considered.

The act of the 11th of July following The act of the 11th of July following provided for the issue of another \$150,-000,000 of legal tender notes, and declared like the former that they should be legal tender in payment of all claims and demands of whatever kind against the United States, except interest on notes and bonds, and further declared that these

bonds.—
"Shall also be lawful money and a legal
tender in payment of all debts, public
and private, in the United States, except luties on imports and interest as afore-

There are but two exceptions stated in the law, but it is sought by argument to establish a third, compared with which the two stated in the law are mere trifles.
This statute is unconnected with any provision for the issue of bonds, and was provision for the issue of bonds, and was passed before any bonds were sold, authorized by the preceding act of February.

Again, in January, 1863, Congress passed a joint resolution authorizing the issue of another \$100,000,000 of legal tender notes, in which it was again declared that they should be received as a "legal tender in payment of all claims and demands against the United States of whatsoever kind, except interest on notes and bonds," and this joint resolution was unconnected with any provision for the issue of the bonds. sed before any bonds were sold, author-

bonds.

And again in February, 1863, an act was passed authorizing the issue of another \$150,000,000 of legal tender notes, including the \$100,000,000 authorized by the joint resolution just referred to, in which it is declared in language somewhat different from the other acts, but in substance the same, that "these notes so issued shall be lawful monny and a legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private, within the United States, except for duties on imports and interest on cept for duties on imports and interest on the public debt

And it sweeps out, too, the similar charges made by the followers of Morroy. such as BAKER. KIMBALL, GRESHAM. and CUMBACK, with the host of claquers who hang around the camp to profit upon the spoils of victory or eatch the drippings from the public treasury. Could there be a more complete vindication of the party that has received such vile abuse from Morton and company than the admission by the Senator that "greenbacks shall be legal tender in the payment of every conceivable species of indebtedness against the United States," a fact which he concedes "can not be overcome by argument or ingenuity." Verily the world moves when the Democracy are vindicated by their bitter party opponents.

A Constant Testimony. Senator Sumner, of Massachusetts, has "colored gem'man," of South Carolina again urging the election of a negro as An exchange suggests that as SUMNER tion of equal rights forever in the United

States," he should resign his own seat which he denounced in such bitter terms | and have a "competent" negro elected in was no violation of the nation's faith to his place! The following is Sumner's let-SENATE CHAMBER, July 4, 1868. DEAR SIR: I have never given any opinion in regard to the senatorial question in your State, except to express a regret that the golden opportunity should be lost of making a colored citizen Senatorian South Carolina Macha Macha Sanatorian South Carolina Macha M tor from South Carolina. Such a Senator, if competent, would be a powerful support to the cause of equal rights. His presence alone would be a constant testimony and argument. Nothing could do so much to settle the question of equal rights forever in the United States. The howl against the negro which is some-times heard in the Senate would cease. A times heard in the Senate would cease. A colored Senator would be as good as a constitutional amendment, making all backward steps impossible. I write now frankly in reply to your inquiry, and without any purpose of interfering in your election. You will pardon my anxiety for the cause I have so much at heart. Accept my best wishes, and believe me, dear sir, faithfully yours,

(Signed) CHARLES SUMMER.

To Thaddens K. Sasportas, Esq., Colum.

(Signed) CHARLES SUMNER. To Thaddeus K. Sasportas, Esq., Columbia, S. C. Everybody who is in favor of this "con stant testimony" and "constitutional amendment," in the United States Senate in the shape of a big buck nigger as the Representative of the proud freemen of America, can be accommodated by voting for GRANT and COLFAX. Those who prefer white men as their Senators and Repre-

sentatives in the Congress of the United States will vote for SEYMOUR and BLAIR. "You pays your money, and you takes your choice."

And Still They Come. William Marlow, Esq., of Warsaw, who was the Republican candidate for Justice of the Peace, in that Township, last spring, has left the Radicals, and ranged himself on the side of the Democracy. The editor of the Ripon (Wisconsin) Rep resentative, a Republican paper, has turned his back upon the Jacobins. He says litical hacks, "renegades from the Democratic ranks," "notorious thieves." The nomination of Grant, he says, has sickenad thousands of Republicans throughout feat next November as sure as that time

comes. Mr. Bancock, a leading and influential radical of St. Louis, Missouri, has dissolved his connection with the radical party, and boldly avows his intention to

vote for Seymour and Blair, General Schouler, formerly editor of the State organ of Ohio, the Columbus Journal, then of the Boston Advertiser, afterwards on the military staff of the late Governor Andrews, and recently elected a member of the Massachusetts State

The Bryan, Ohio, Demograt, publishes a letter from Mr. A. Price, of that country, in the several acts authorizing and creating those bonds, and that there is no difference between the legal obligation of the Government in regard to the five twenties and in regard to the five twenties and in regard to the ten-forties. Let me say to the Senator from Vermont and the benates from Massachusetts that if they deairs to assertain the qualities and capacities of the legal tender notes, port hereafter to the Democracy.

Samuel A. Shoaff, Esq., is the Democratic endidate for Joint Representative for the counties of Jay and Biackford. Mr. Shoaff was a member of the Legislature of 1868, and made an excellent and which Mr. Price severs his connection with the radicals, and announces his desired in the qualities and capacities of the legal tender notes, port hereafter to the Democracy.

Another instance of radical has just leaked out, showing w has just leaked out, showing with what answerving fidelity radicalism protects the public treasury! Of course, it would be unjust to conceal this grand Radica economical exploit, so we will relate the

Until radicalism came into power, the

lovernment advertising in Washington City was given to the two papers having the largest circulation, and it was ex-them, and mass meetings are being held pressly enacted that they should be an in every quarter for the discussion of the thorized to publish only such notices as great questions which divide the two pothe laws relating to them expressly di- litical parties. rected to be published there, and at fixed prices. This wise and just law the radical Congress repealed, leaving the Government advertisement to be given to two papers published in Washington, without regard to calculation, without limit as to price, and without regard as to whether their publication in a Washington paper would or would not be of benefit to the Government. After President Johnson went back on the rads, they changed the law so as to give the selection of the two papers to the Clerk of the House, and he selected Forney's Chronicle and the Evening Star. The result of this nice econon ical scheme is thus related by Senator Sherman, of Ohio, whose radicalism won't be disputed, in a debate which took place recently in the Senate. Mr. Sherman said:

"Two newspapers were selected, in accordance with the law, the Daily Chronicle and the Evening Star, of this city. They claim the right to publish as Government claim the right to publish as Government advertisements all the advertisements published by the Government in any part of the United States. Thus, in the papers I have before me, there are advertisements of sod to be put on a fort in New Mexico, provisions to be supplied in Utah, post routes in Arizona, and a multitude of advertisements of that kindwhich cortainly unot to to be published. which certainly ought not to be published in Washington.'

Again Mr. Sherman said: "By general law the laws are published at a very low rate in two papers selected in each of the States, but by this law these two newspapers (the privileged organs) se-lected for the District of Columbia were authorized to punish the laws at not ex-ceeding the rates paid by private indi-viduals for advertisements. The result is that in one case that was presented, one of the publishers of these city papers here charged the Government \$1,500 for advertising postal routes in certain States, when the rate fixed by law as to other papers was \$315!"

Isn't this radical economy a grand thing? Paying a Washington paper five times more than is paid to a first class paper in the States for an advertisement which the people in said States never see in said Washington paper! That's the way to economize, eh?

But this is not all. Mr. Cameron, the radical Senator from Pennsylvania, who has no love for Forney, has been investigating this matter also, and he gave the Senate the result of his examination. He informed that body-

"That the Government has paid to two newspapers \$40,000 apiece, \$80,000 in all. "Mr. Sherman. What papers? "Mr. Cameron. The Chronicle and the "Mr. Cameron. The Chroniele and the Evening Star of this city have been paid, or will be paid, for the printing of last year, under the section which we passed last year, that amount. The greater part of that advertising was for the purchase and sale of articles so far beyond the circulation of these papers that none of them could ever reach the people who were interested. For instance, there were \$1,500 or \$2,000 paid for an advertisement as to the publication of mail contracts in the Ter-Journal of this city. The section of the speech relating to financial question was headed "The Black Channel of Repudiation." We give a few extracts from it, to show its spirit and character, and what the Senator thought about the proposition to pay the five-twenties in greenbacks. He said:

"The black cloud of repudiation is already above the horizon," its boson charged with the livid lightnings of dishonor and destruction, and it is only and destruction of the speech relating to financial question was phaseded "The Black Channel of Repudiations of the law, declaring that these notes shall be a legal tend-gring that these notes shall be a legal tend

> and to belong to an economical party? Hamilton. Forty thousand dollars a year in Government advertising, the Secretaryship of the ings in proportion, making a grand total of a cool one hundred thousand per anparty. His loyalty has more than paid expenses, and he could well afford to denounce Democrats as copperheads, butover-burdened labor to stuff the pockets of these vampires upon the public treasury-that heaps taxes after taxes upon the industry of the country for the benefit of these gorged and bloated libellers? And yet the party guilty of this great Chicago Convention, that "the Government of the United States should be administered with the strictest economy! Satan quoting Scripture is the only par allel we know of to the radical party re

solving in favor of economy. The Letter and Spirit.

The Chicago Radical Convention re solved that Government bonds must be paid according to "the letter and spirit of the law" creating them. What this means the President of the Convention, General HAWLEY, declared to General GRANT was, their payment in gold, and GEANT said he approved the platform as thus interpreted. To the same effect spoke that high radical authority, the New York Tribune, Said that influential tournal:

"There is not a sane man in the coun try but knows that the spirit and intent of the Government was to pay the five-twenties in gold, and any party who would do otherwise will meet the con mnation of the people."

There can be no mistaking the meaning of the Chicago Convention on the financial question. It means the payment of all the Government bonds, principal and interest, in gold, and the payment of the debt in gold means the bankruptcy and beggary of the American people.

The radical papers say that the Republicans are delighted with the New York Democratic nominations for President and Vice President. A good deal of truth in this if spoken in jost. A large number of them are so delighted with the ticket that they have expressed their intention of voting for it.

Radicalism.
"Let us have peace." U. S. GRANT. "Hurrah for GRANT and COLFAX!" Fighting Boys IN BLUB. State Politics.

The Indianapolis DAILY SENTINEL comes to us in a new and most beautiful dross. Aside from its politics, we regard the SENTINEL as one of the most roadable papers in the State. It ought to receive a liberal support from the Democrats of "Old Wayne."—Richmond Humming Bird

STATE SENTINEL .- We have before taken occasion to notice recent improvements in this valuable State organ, and are now pleased to say that it has lately been put in an entire and beautiful new dress, giving it a neat and clear typographical ppoarance, equal to any journal in the vest.—Columbus Bulletin. The Grant and Colfax ratification meet

ing and pole raising at Washington, Dariess county, on Saturday last, consisted offifteen men, seventeen boys and four negroes. The Democrats had to assist in raising the pole. The White Boys in Blue of Lawrence burg organized last Monday, by the elec tion of the following officers: James

Skelton, Captain; Simon Bartholome

First Lieutenant; Charles H. Gysie

Second Lieutenant. The following is the Demogratic ticket in Grant county: Representative, Joseph Spurgeon; Treasurer, D. Burr Sweetser; Recorder, Robert H. Patterson; Commis-

THE COUNTRY AROUSED.

"Dinna Ye Hear the Slogan?"

All over the State the Democracy are thoroughly aroused to the work before them, and mass meetings are being held

At Muncie, Saturday afternoon, was held a large and enthurastic mass meet-meeting-somewhat notable because it is first Democratic meeting held in Delaware county for eight years. It was largely attended, and conspicuous in the procession were numbers of prominent and influential men, heretofore acting with the radical party. The meeting was held in a grove west of town, where a stand had been erected, and was addressed by Hon. M. M. Ray, who made an eloquent and convincing speech, in which he forcibly presented the dangerous usurpations of the radical party, and exhibited its pernicious tendency, as discriminating between the rich and poor, in a strong light. At night, another meeting was held in

the hall of the White Boys in Blue, when Mr. Ray spoke again, and was followed by Colonel W. R. Pierse and Mr. E. M. McDonald. After the meeting there was a torch-light procession, with banners, transparencies, etc. Some of the radicals made persistent efforts to provoke a collision, by seeking to disturb the meeting with hooting, howling, groaning, and opprobrious epithets. Among other things they tolled the Court House bell all the time the meeting was in progress. The Muncie brass band was applied to, but refused to play for Democratic money, whereupon the services of the Anderson silver band were engaged. The martial band of the White Boys in Blue also assisted. Captain Alf. Kilgore, Captain Kirk, Captain Stevens and Lieutenant Kirk, heretofore Republicans, were prominently engaged in getting up the demonstration. There is hope for Delaware county.

AT LEBANON The demonstration was most imposing. A correspondent furnishes us with the following graphic description: The Democracy of Boone had a large and enthusiastic meeting, at Lebanon, or

Saturday last. Your correspondent did not reach town till after twelve o'clock, and at no one time did I have an opportunity of seeing the crowd together. Accompanied by Hon. Jason B. Brown, I left the city at half-past cleven, and in less than an hour and a half was at Lebanon. We were met at the depot by Gen R. C. Kise, Dr. Evans, and Henry Lucas, R. C. Kiso, Dr. Evans, and Henry Lucas, ficial to the growing crops, destroyed im-who speedily conducted our party to a well-kept hotel, where the inner man was refreshed. The whole town was alive losses, of this kind.—South Beat Register. refreshed. The whole town was alive with people, and as I looked around from the hotel door, I supposed that the crowd must have left the grounds, and were making preparations to leave for home; but in this I was hapily mistaken. A four horse spring wagon making its appearance, we were soon whirled away to a

Isn't it a glorious thing to be "loyal" getic high-toned gentleman is Colonel

When we arrived on the ground Hon. Jason B. Brown was conducted to the Senate with its stealings, and other pick- stand, and introduced to the audience by Colonel William C. Kise. It is not possible for me to give even a synoposis of Mr. num are not to be sneezed at! We no Brown's able and eloquent speech. He onger wonder at the lavish abuse Forney | discussed the issues that divide the great has poured out upon the Democratic political parties in a manner that carried conviction to his hearers, He' said that if the theory of radicalism was right then the war was a failure. ternuts and rebel sympathizers. But That ten States had been kept out of the what will we say of the party Union according to radical rule, and only guilty of such outrages upon allowed admission as conquered provinces the people in order to pamper its brought in by the bayonet, and negro partisans and favorites-that takes out votes manipulated at the will of the miliof the mouth of honest, hard working, tary dictators who ruled them. That now the radicals were going through the farce of admitting States and qualifying United States Senators who were not elected by the people of the States or any respectable portion of them. To illustrate what he said and show that he was right he had wrong had the "cheek" to resolve at their only to point to the Arkansus Constitution which admits those only to vote who voted for the constitution. He fully and ably discussed the subject of negro suffrage and convinced his hearers that the Republican party meant negro suffrage, both in States and Territories, and it would not hesitate to make the people pay for the education and maintainance of the negroes as they were now doing in the shape of Freedmen's Bureau bills and other iniquitous legislation, solely for the negro's benefit and against the white

Mr. Brown's discussion as to the fir ance was very fine. He took up the Chicago platform, resolution by resolution on that point, and completely riddled it. He showed its sophistries, double dealing, and glaring inconsistencies. We have not heard a better speech on the financial question, and question if it can be excelled. Mr. Brown's closing remarks were loudly and enthusiastically cheered. It was a strain of glowing and impassioned eloquence. I am sorry that I can give but this crude sketch of the excellent speech to your readers, but, under the circumstances, can do no better. I should add that he closed by a glowing oulogy on the Democratic nominees for President and Vice President.

The day was cloudy, and the people stood for hours eagerly listening, notwithstanding the threatening rain. For so large a crowd it was exceedingly orderly and well behaved. Colonel Miller. the radical candidate for clerk of the the radical candidate for clerk of the county, had the exceeding bad the party which it represents.—Huntington Democrat. taste to get into a dispute with an old gentleman, manifestly for the purpose of disturbing the meeting while Mr. Brown was speaking. The flurry did not last long however, for I think the Colonel found he had stirred up a hornet's nest in the old man, from which he was glad to seek shelter. At the conclusion of Mr. Brown's speech, Mr. Galvin, Demcratic candidate for Representative, was introduced and I left him speaking. The whistle of the locomotive admonished me that if I wished to reach Indianapolis on Saturday night I had better make tracks

and make tracks I did. At the Burrows House, atter I left the ground I had a good cup of tea, and an excellent supper. When we left town the meeting had not yet adjourned. From what I saw Saturday I think I can safely venture the prediction that Boone County will go Democratic in October and November. The nominations of Seymour and Blair, although not the first choice of the soil.—Richmond many, are enthusiastically received, I met | Humming Bird. a great many persons who formerly acted with the radicals, who are now working for the election of the Democratic tickets, County, State and National. The fires are indeed burning brightly, and Democracy everywhere is bound to be trium-

phant in the present contest. I must not forget to state that the "Union White Boys in Blue," "Soldiers in war and citizens in peace," were very plentifully sprinkled over the grove, As I did not arrive in town until after the Take not agree in town until after the procession had disbanded, I had no opportunity of numbering them, but I saw enough to convince me that the "Union White Boys in Blue" are doing good service for the right in old Boone. The radical on Saturday admitted that there was more enthusiasm for Seymour and Blair than they thought possible. They were perfectly associated as the same agree and any more such will be held before the clear. We have the proud satisfaction this week of placing at the head of our editorial columns the names of our editorial columns the names of then. Horatical Seymour, of New York, and General Frank P. Blair, of Missouri, the Democratic candidates for President and Vice President, The choice which the Democratic delegates in National Convention have made, are, in every replaced to see the variety, she ingeniously asked. Which of those pairs are the lavender than they thought possible. They were perfectly associated as the proud satisfaction this week of placing at the head of our editorial columns the names of then. Horatical Seymour, of New York, and General Frank P. Blair, of Missouri, the Democratic party will triumphantly sue-ceed this fall.—Spencer Journal.

A VEGETABLE COMPOUND.—"The man who raised a cabbage head has done more spect which the Democratic clearing and the names of the Democratic party will triumphantly sue-ceed this fall.—Spencer Journal.

A VEGETABLE COMPOUND.—"The man who raised a cabbage head has done more specially and vice President the Democratic candidates for President and Vice President the Democratic politics of the Union, and Vice President the Democratic candidates for President the Democratic candidates for President the Democratic candidates for President and Vice President and Vice President the Democratic candidates for President and Vice President the Democratic candidates for President and Vice President and Vice President and Vice President the Democratic candidates for President the Democratic of Vice President and Vice President and Vice President

A mad dog was killed in New Albany ast Wednesday.

James Beers, of Floyd county, died of sun stroke last Tuesday. Two horses died from the intense heat

in Evansville, last Friday, Mr. Henry Dahn, a butcher of Columus, died from the effect of sun stroke last Thursday. Mr. Frank Brevort, a lad of fifteen years, was drowned in Bartholomew

County, last Saturday. Hon. A. R. McClurg, formerly a State Senator from Franklin county, died at Brookville last Tuesday. Mr. Philip Kline, an old resident of Wabash County, fell dead in his house last Tuesday morning. A cow was sun struck in New Albany

last Monday, from the effects of which she died last Wednesday. Alexander Gallipot was found dead in his bed in Fort Wayne, last Tuesday morning. Apoplexy. Dr. John Doughty, of Connersville, died suddenly in that town, last Tuesday

morning, from an attack of spasms. George W. Shook, of Greenfield, made an ineffectual effort to "kick the bucket." by means of cold pizen, last Monday. Ferdinand Sylander, of Tipton County, in a fit of mental derangement, cut his throat last Saturday. He may recover. Mr. James Peelle, of Stark county, is the

Democratic nominee for Joint Represen-

tative for the counties of Laporte and We learn that George Curlee was killed yesterday in the harvest field, a few miles north of this city, by sun stroke.—Ken-

The editor of the Kendlaville Standard adical, is in favor of manufacturing all the wheat grown in that county "into flower." All the intelligence, etc. A man named James Dorman, an employee of the Gas Company, died Tuesday from the effect of sun stroke.—Law-

renceburg Register. Wheat harvest is nearly completed. Though thin on the ground in many instances, wheat is well headed and filled, and will yield a fair average crop.—Bluf-

ton Banner. Farmers are now in the midst of their wheat harvest, and the crop is reported to be above an average, although the straw is so badly tangled that it is slow harvesting — Kendalville, Standard

The editor of the Paoli Union, a foulmouthed radical sheet, got a good thrashing last week for his gross personal abuse of Mr. John W. Buskirk, of that place

Served him right. All persons with whom we have con versed on the subject, say they never be-fore saw corn make the rapid growth it has this season. Prospects for a good crop

continue flattering .- Spencer Journal. The rains of last week, although bene St. Mary's Catholic church here has a

is the largest that has been raised for several years. There will be an abundance of peaches in this section of the State, but

Mr. John Burton, of Harrison township, Cass county, was thrown from his wagon | Pharos office and the flags with choice with such violence as to break his back music.

ton Dem

out in an entire new dress, and is now one of the handsomest printed papers in the country. It reflects great credit upon its enterprising manager, and is justle the pride of the Democracy of Indiana. Boonville Enquirer. On Tuesday, in Wayne county, Alfred

Moore, son of Rufus Moore, was kicked in the head by a horse, while he was leading his team to the stable. His skull was must prove fatal.

day evening, and saying to some bystanders; "Hold on, hoys, and I will show you some freworks," shot himself in the right temple and died in a few minutes.

sociate on the ticket is a man known to the country as one of the ablest in the West and one of the most honorable and courageous soldiers of the war. We regret to learn that Thomas B. An

drews, aged ten years, oldest son of Mrs. Julia A. Andrews, formerly of Early county, Georgia, was drowned in Eel river, while bathing in the deep water below the tumbles. Monday evening at seven colook. Leggment Planck 'clock .- Logansport Pharos. Copper ore has been found upon the premises of Jesse L. Orsborn, in High-

land township. A specimen that was analyzed yielded over eighty per cent. We are not informed as to the probable extent of the deposit.—*Bloomfield Demo-*Isaac Hutchinson laid down in a saloon in Evansville, last Friday, and in a mo-

ment afterward, died. In the same city on the same day, William Love fell dead from his chair. Pat Feeney, a citizen also of Evansville, died suddenly on Thursday evening. SAD ACCIDENT. - Catherine Moriety

Smith, a girl eight years of age, daughter of John Smith, residing six miles south of this city, met with an accident last Thursday, that resulted in her death. She had constructed a swing in a log corn crib, and when swinging, the crib fell down upon her, inflicting injuries from the effects of which she died in a few hours .- Richmond Humming Bird. The Indianapolis Sentinel appeared in in entire new dress on the Fourth

est daily in the State, as it is the ablest and best-conducted Democratic journal in the Wost. It is the duty of the Democracy of Indiana to extend to this jour nal all the encouragement and support in their power. The SENTINEL is a credit to Colonel Denby authorizes us to state

that under no circumstances will be al-low his name to be used before the Demolow his name to be used before the cratic District Convention.

The Colonel has a large and lucrative practice, aside from this, his private business is of such a nature that he can not the time any political position. accept at this time, any political position. He thanks his friends for the compliment paid him by mentioning his name in connection with the candidacy for Congress, and regrets that he must decline permitting the use of his name.—Evans-

THE CROPS .- Most of the wheat ha een harvested in this vicinity, and the peen harvested in this variable, is yield, although not an average crop, is much better than was expected. The quality of the grain was never surpassed. Outs promise an unusually large yield. The last two weeks of very warm weather has given the corn an impetus that is telling rapidly on its growth. The seed was SENSATION-"A RACE FOR LIFE,"-One

J. M. Griffin, who publishes a Grant "organ" in this city, in a recent issue, in-dulged in unbecoming allusions to a re-port of domestic troubles in a respectable port of domestic troubles in a respectable family residing in this city. Griff. is a "shining light" in the "all decency and morality" party, and publishes a "ilash" news-paper. His propensity for notoriety brought his head in contact with a "shelath" in the hands of the enraged husband, last Tuesday evening, just as he was emerging from the Express office. It was a ludicrous sight to see the editor of an abolition "organ" wending his way up street minus hat, at the tupe of two-

LAFATETTE, July 18, 1858.
EDITOR SENTINEL—We, last night, had a most spontaneous, but most gratifying ing of the Democracy in this city,

for the purpose of ratifying the National and Congressional nominations. Genereral Manson, our nomince for Congress, was accidentally here on his way home from Covington, but not being prepared for speaking, excused himself, promising, however to visit every township in the district between this and the election, and give his views on all the political issues of the day. The crowd present was most gratifying as to numbers and enthusiasm numbering thousands of the hard-fisted yeomanry of the city and surrounding country; so large, indeed, was the crowd that no hall in the city was of sufficient capacity to hold it, and the meeting was held in the open air, and the speaking

urer's office. Colonel John S. Williams, after a few most appropriate and well timed remarks upon radical perfidy and tyranny, introduced General Manson, who was greeted with tremendous applause from the assembled thousands.

was from the balcony of the City Treas

After General Manson had excused himself, as before stated, the crowd called for that ever ready and natural orator Thomas B. Ward, Esq., who came forward and delivered one of the most pointed, sententious and appropriate speeches, of about half an hour's length, it has ever been the good fortune of your correspondent to listen to. He scoured the Jacobins, right and left, for their inconsistencies, falsehoods, trickery, niggerism. etc.

Altogether this meeting was most gratifying, considering that it was almost spontaneous, as there had been comparatively no notice given that it would be held. It augurs big for the future, especially for the big ratification turn out al ready advertised here for the 30th instant. when it is expected that Hons. George H. Pendleton, Thomas A. Hendricks, Joseph E. McDonald, D. W. Voorhees, and A. P. Edgerton will be present. Keep your ears open, Mr. SENTINEL, for a regular, old-fashioned Democratic earthquake, about the 30th instant.

How the Platform and Ticket are Received.

Spirit of the Indiana Democratic Press.

The Bloomfield Democrat says of the platform and the candidates: "The platform will be found in this paper. It comes out fair and square upon the payment of the public debt and the taxation of Government bonds. There is no "letter and spirit" about it, but it no "letter and spirit" about it, but it states unequivocally that where the bonds or the law does not provide for payment in coin, that they should be paid in the lawful currency of the country. It is all that the people can ask. Although the West failed to secure the nomination of Mr. Pendleton, yet the adoption of his

nomination was received in that town: The Democratic flag and streamers were run out in front of the *Pharos* building, and the Democratic cannon was soon on-lunged messages to the waiting and anxious Democracy.

The Union Silver Band volunteered its services in the afternoon, and saluted the

In the evening splendid bouffres lit up bone between the shoulders, last week. the vicinity of the Pharos building hand-Recovery doubtful.

Under Republicar: rule in this county, in 1865, the taxes were \$4,000 on the \$100 valuation. In 1868, under Democratic rule, \$1.50. Democratic rule saves the tax payers \$2.50 on the \$100 valuation. Let the tax-payers remember this.—Huntong-ton Democratic. Silver Band" discoursed the choi-

music, including national airs.

The meeting was addressed by C. L. Lasselle, S. L. McFadin, J. C. McGregor and S. A. Hall. The necting adjourned at a late hour, with cheers for Seymour, Blair, and the State and local tickets.

The ticket is a most excellent and judicious selection, combining probably more elements of popularity and success than in the head by a horse, while he was leading his team to the stable. His skull was crushed in, and his injury, it is feared, sented, and, aside from geographical avail-Matthew McFloy walked into the mid-dle of a street in Fort Wayne, last Tues-

most intellects of the nation, and his as-

The nominations are eminently worthy of the support and confidence of the people. Positive men—upon all the great issues their records are without reproach or question. As a statesman, as a patriot, as a man of unsullied private reputation, as a Christian gentleman, Gov. Seymour is second to no man in this country. As a public officer in the most trying years delicate position, he made a most envia-ble reputation, and in all his relations he has served the State and nation with a unexampled devotion and rare patriotism. Gen. Blair is no less worthy. His ine of action has been in a different field but his conduct is not the less honorable

and patriotic.
The platform and patriotic.

The platform of principles is all that could be asked. Unlike the Chicago resolutions, they are avowed, explicit, and direct in their meaning. There is no doubtful phraseology, or meaningless terms in the language of the resolves. Every man of plain understanding can comprehend them, and make up his mind to vote for or against them without the aid of outside interpretation. Altogether the work of the Convention was well done, and the people receive it with an enthusiasm seldom before accorded to the action of a National Convention." From the Connersville Examiner we ex-

tract as follows:

"The name of Horatio Seymour is a tower of strength—his character and re-cord challenges not only the approbations of his political friends, but the admiraof his political friends, but the admira-ation of his opponents—and there is no man in the country who is more eminent-ly qualified for the Presidential office; no one who would fill it with more dig-nity, or more honor to himself and the people. He has a national fame, and a reputation as extensive as that of any man in the Union, and his election at this time would redeem the country from the time would redeem the country from the charge that has been made against the American people—that they can not elect a first class statesman to the Presidency. General Frank P. Blair, the nomine for Vice President, is also a selection which it is eminently proper should be made at this time. He is as fine a representative of true and generous manhood as the country affords. There was no better, no more gallant soldier in the late war than he; none who received higher praise for gallant and meritorious services. He was for a long time commander of the fighting Seventeenth Corps, in Sherman's army, which did such gallant service on every battle field from the Ohio to the sea. It is true that General Blair, for a time, acted with the Republi-can party, but he became disgusted, like thousands of others with their excesses and returned to his old associates. But deneral Blair's merits as a soldier are not his only claims to public favor. He, too has had a long and intimate acquaintance with American politics; has been a member of Congress, and will make an accomplished officer in the Senate.

"Every element of strength is combined in this ticket, One comes from the extreme East, and the other from the extreme West. It unites every element of both civil and military talent and experience; and if the old line Democrats delight in the nomination of Horatio Seymour the dissatisfied Roundlices. seymour, the dissatisfied Republicans, to-gether with the soldiers and sailors, re-cognize the selection of General Blair as a compliment to them, and an evidence of the liberality of the Democratic organ-ization. This ticket was nominated to be elected, and elected it will be by one of the largest majorities ever given in a the largest majorities ever given in a Presidential campaign."

OUR TICKET.—We have the proud satis-

thusiasm. The Democracy go into the contest of 1668 with a platform, and candidates upon it, who are in the interests of the people, and not in the Interest of a few moneyed autocrats. The principles aid down in the platform will win. The candidates are representative men of the American Democracy. And so sure as the ides of November roll round, if the Democracy will do their duty, Seymour and Blair will be elected. Their election will be the forerunner of better times, lighter taxes, and an administration of the Covernment, upon the principles of the Government upon the principles of the Constitution.—Columbia City Post.

From the New York Freeman's Journal, 18th. The Convention and the Nominees. Our last paper went to press on the second day of the Democratic Convention It was, already, pretty clear that Mr. Pendleton would not be nominated, though a could have been.

It is a silly thing to account for a defeat in politics. We could do it. We will not. Mr. Pendleton might have had his nomination secured on the evening of the third day of the convention. On the whole, perhaps it is much better that he did not. It is certainly better for himself, personally. Considering how soon Presidents fade from view or consideration, he is too young a man to have his public life thus

cut short.

The balloting began on Tuesday, the third day of the convention. For the next day, there were votes enough, secretly avowed in his favor, to have given him the nomination. His vote, however, on the morrow, was not cast for more than one hundred and fifty-six and a half

being just two and a half votes short of The other votes, promised "whenever they could elect him by it," were not east. Had they been east, he would have

been elected.

It is, perhaps, "all for the best." I was our own judgment that, in the doubtful States, Mr. Pendleton, from his special identification with the Democratic platform, on the question of relieving the people, by substituting some six or nine hundred millions of public debt not bear-ing interest, for the same amount now bearing a ruinous gold inferest, was the strongest candidate. What we felt, es-pecially, was that a bondholder's candidate, if carried, in the convention, over Mr. Pendleton's friends, could never carry Ohio or Illinois, and, perhaps, not Indiana-all of which States must be car-

ried, to give the Democratic ticket a hance of success.

But, the magnanimity of Mr. Pendleton and his friends has removed the dan-ger. It was no secret to us, nor has it been unknown to Governor Seymour, in how exalted esteem Mr. Seymour has been held by Mr. Pendleton. At an early been held by Mr. Pendleton. At an early hour of the late Convention Mr. Pendle-ton made it known to Mr. Seymour's special friends that it was his wish, should he not be the nominee of the Convention, that Mr. Seymour should be! It was this potential voice of Mr. Pendleton and his friends, first uttered by the Ohio Delega-tion, on the floor of the Convention, that gave Mr. Seymour the ovation of a unani-

nous nomination,
The purpose was conceived beforehand, It was no trick. It was no device of the New York delegation. It was the mag-nanimous act of Mr. Pendleton and his friends. It was a generous affirmation of the principle we have advocated that the two-thirds rule was undemocratic, and ought to be abolished. There will, always, be prominent favorites before a nominating convention. The effect of a two-third rule must be, as it has been, to kill off every favorite of the people, and to elect somebody that the people neither know nor care for. We hope the noble example set by Mr. Pendleton will give a

new departure for conventions in the future, and that in Presidential, as in all other Democratic nominations, majorities may govern.

Mr. Seymour, nominated by Mr. Penmany as the ablest man in America. His nonination is received all over the country with the greatest satisfaction, and is regarded as a sure harbinger of success.

Of General Blair, the candidate for Vice President, we have not space to speak at tength at the regarded at an and a true patriot. Of the success of this ticket we have no doubt."

The Logansport Pharos tells be nomination was a sure barbinger of success.

The Logansport Pharos tells be nomination was a sure states and a sure patriot. Of the success of this ticket we have no doubt."

The Logansport Pharos tells be nomination was a sure states and a sure patriot. Of the success of this ticket we have no doubt." Our business, now, is to go to work, soberly and resolutely, and to organize so as to secure the election of our nominees.

General F. P. Blair, jr., as second on the ticket, will benefit it in Missouri, and

White Hands.

The Indiana Journal has seen a littl paragraph in some Democratic newspaper to the effect that Governor Seymour has white hands, whereupon it goes off into a column or so about the enormity of white hands. We were aware that any-thing white had the same effect upon a radical that water is said to have upon a mad dog, but we hardly supposed such ; terrific attack of hydropho low a mere newspaper allusion to the sub-ject. If Seymour's hands and face were as black as Fred Douglass's, his heart and principles as black as those of Sumner ar Boutwell, or his morals as dark as those of Butler and Stevens, the *Journal* and its ompeers would no doubt be silent ou the score of Mr. Seymour's color, or even be willing to support him for the Presiden-cy. But white hands! That is some-thing not to be tolerated. For a gentlething not to be tolerated. For a gentle man to have white hands when one radi al nigger is Lieutenant Governor of Louisiana and gnother temporary chair man of the itouse of Repres harror of horrors. Governor Seymour will never get into the good graces of the Indianapolis Journal till he blackens his hands, his face, his heart, his morals, his nands, his race, his heart, his morals, his principles. It is barely possible that if he would consent to support the reconstruction measures of Congress, with their black Governors, Speakers and legislators, the *Journal* might forgive him his white hands--might relieve him of the trouble of charcoaling them. But not otherwise

otherwise, We are apprehensive that the fact that their candidate for President possesses white hands is not going to materially injure him in the eyes of the Democracy They believe in men with white fa white hands, and white principles. They still think that white men have som rights that negroes and radicals are bound to respect—or at least soon will be. They think that the fact that a man has a white skin—white face, white body, white arms, white hands, and white feet-is not yet a barrier that should prevent his election to the Presidency. The Indiana Journal thinks that a fair skin is very damaging to Seymour. Well, perhaps is to men of the Journal's stripe, but the Governor Seymour does not expect to re-ceive the support of those who believe that a negro is better than a white man -New Albany Ledger.

IMPROMPTU RATIFICATION .- On Friday evening about seven o'clock the enthusiasm of the people over the nomination of Seymour and Blair began to boil up in ebullitions that could not be suppressed. Poffenbarger and O'Brian brought their "big guns" out in front of the court house, and opened a National salute with spirit and vigor. In the meantime the invented and vigor. In the meantime the juvenile patriots had kindled their bonfires all along the lines, and the gay shouts for Seymour and Blair mingled with the roar of the guns, presented a lively scene inof the guns, presented a lively scene indeed. The crowd continued to increase rapidly, and ere long assumed such proportions as is seldom seen on our streets. A speech was demanded, an impromptu meeting organized in the court house yard, and Mr. F. T. Hord introduced to the crowd. Inspired by the enthusiasm of the occasion he made one of his very best efforts and elicited rounds of the second control of the court in t best efforts and elicited rounds best efforts and effected rounds of ap-lause and other demonstrations of appro-val from the interested throng. For about an hour and a half he poured hot shot and shell into the dismayed ranks of radicalism, every broadside carrying down some of their lofty pretensions. Mr. Hord is an effective and forcible speaker at any time, but on this occasion he seemed to have double shotted guns with the latest improved missiles from the New York Convention. After he had finished, Mr. Kersey wa introduced by the Chairman, Mr. Thomas Essex, and interested the people with an excellent speech. At about eleven o'clock he meeting broke up with cheers and more guns.—Columbus Bulletin.

DEMOCRATIC RATIFICATION MEETING On Saturday last the Democracy of Owen county met at the Court House to ratify he nomination of Seymour and Blair. On motion, Dr. James W. Dobson wa called to the chair, and W. D. Franklin township, appointed secretary.

After the chair explained the object of the neeting, Judge Franklin was loudly called for and came forward and made one of his best speeches, which was loudly applauded by the enthusiastic Democracy Speeches were also nade by W. E. racy. Speeches were also made by W. E. Dittemore, Esq., and D. N. Horn, which were heartily received. At the conclusion of the speaking the following resolution was offered by J. S. Meek, Esq. which was unanimously adopted amidst the wildest enthusiasm: Resolved, That the Democracy of Owen county hail with pleasure the nomination of Horatio Seymour for President and Francis P. Blair for Vice President, and

we pledge our cordial support to the plat-form and ticket nominated by the New York Convention. The meeting then adjourned with three hearty cheers for Seymour and Blair, everybody feeling confident that the great Democratic party will triumphantly suc-

MEDICAL:

MARRIED

Ladies, who during certain periods are so much troubled with Costiveness or Constipation, can find certain relief in Roback's Blood Pills, which can be taken during all stages of pregnan perfect safety. Sold by all druggists hverywhere

SCROFULA

And all diseases of the blood, and all eruptive diseases of the skin, Old Sores, Tumors and Ul-cers, arising from whatever cause, can be perma-nently cured by the use of Dr. Roback's Blood Purifier and Blood Pills. Sold by all druggists everywhere.

UNPRINCIPLED

Dealers often recommend other bitters because they have not Roback's. We desire to caution the afflicted against purchasing any of them; buy Roback's Stomach Bitters and none other, if you would combat disease successfully. Sold by all druggists everywhere.

WANTED

All persons troubled with Costiveness or Con-stipation of the Bowels to buy Roback's Blood Pills; they contain no mercury, are purely veg-etable, and work like a charm; can be taken with safety by persons of all ages, and in all conditions of life. Sold by all druggists everywhere

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Of sedentary habits who require a gentle purgative, will find Roback's Blood Pills just the medicine they want; they are perfectly safe, and can be taken at all times; they contain no mercury or mineral poison, but are purely vegetable. For sale by all druggists everywhere.

LIVER COMPLAINTS,

Jaundice, and all affections of the Liver are soon removed by the use of Roback's Stomach Bitters and Blood Pills; they are composed of vegetable medicinal extracts with especial reference to their direct action on the liver and digestive ap-paratus. Sold by all druggists everywhere.

SICK HEADACHE

bowels, and a bilious derangement of the liver, and can be permanently cured by the use of Ro-back's Blood Purifier and Blood Pills. Full di-

ctions accompany each bottle and box.

Sold by all druggists everywhere.

DYSPEPSIA.

Thousands of the worst sufferers from this terrible gnawing disease have been cured by the use of Roback's Stomach Bitters, as the testimonials now in our hands fully prove. For sale by all druggists everywhere.

CONVALESCENTS

Should use Roback's Stomach Bitters to strengthen the prostration which always follows acute diseases: it will be found far superior as a stimulating tonic to any of the wine and bark preparations of the present day. Sold by all druggists everywhere.

NEURALGIA

Can be effectually cured by taking Dr. Roback's Blood Purifier and Blood Pills, and bathing the affected parts with Tincture of Aconite or Chio-roform. Sold by all Druggists everywher

PILES.

There is no medicine in use so efficacious as Dr. Roback's Blood Purifier and Blood Pills for the permanent cure of Blind or Bleeding Piles: they strike at the root of disease, thereby removing Sold by all druggists everywhere.

NIGHTMARE

Is one of the many diseases of which Dyspepsia is the parent. To effect a cure persons should avoid hearty food at night, and take a wine glass full of Roback's Stomach Bitters on retiring to Sold by all druggists everywhere.

Who Sells Them?

The Agents for the sale of Roback's Blood Pills.
Stomach Bitters, and Blood Parifier, are

All Druggiste Everywhere.

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TERMS OF THE DAILY. To carriers, agents and news dealers per To carriers, agents and news dealers per copy. 3c for egular subscribers, when delivered by carried or agent, per week. 25d Mnil (payable in advance) per year. \$10.00 is month. 100.

And delivered to city subscribers at 25 cents per week. If paid strictly in advance, \$12 per annum will be charged.

Bet All letters, whether for publication or on business, must be addressed to R. J. Briont, Indianapolis, Indiana.

The Indianapolis Daily Sentinel Is sent by all the early morning Express Trains and delivered to subscribers in adjacent towns about the same time it is distributed in the city of its publication. This enables readers at a distance from the Capital of Indiana toget the news of the day from six to twelve hours before they can receive it through papers published elsewhere. The papers can be had of news dealers and carriers at any of the railroad towns on the roads centering at Indianapolis.

THE WEEKLY SENTINEL Is published every Wednesday, at \$2 per annum 部分 No paper sent without the money, nor con-tinued a longer time than paid for.

INDIANAPOLIS RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Columbus and Indianpolis Line. TRAINS LEAVE. ARRIVE

Cincinnati via Cambridge and Connersville. Express 3:00 a. m. 12:45 p. m Accommodation 10:10 a. m. 2:05 a. m Express 3:30 p. m. Cincinnati via Richmond. Cleveland, Col., Cin. and Indianap'lis Railroad.

(Late Bellefontaine Railway.) Fast Express 21:00 a. m. + 2:35 a. m Eastern Express 8:00 a. m. • 7:30 p. m Night Express 10:10 ñ. m. • 3:10 p. m Union Accommodation 21:35 p. m. + 6:50 a. m Except Sundays. Madison Railroad.

Mail 2:35 a. m. 10:00 a. m Express 10:20 a. m. 7:15 p. m Jeffersonville Railroad.
 Night Express
 2:35 a. m.
 2:45 a. m

 Mail
 10:20 a. m.
 10:00 a. m

 Accommodation
 7:40 p. m.
 7:15 p. m
 Indianapolis, Peru and Chicago Railway.

Lafayette and Chicago Railroad. Cincinnati Railroad.

Terre Haute and Indianapolis Railroad.
 Arrow Express
 3:00 a. m.
 12:50 a. r.

 St. Louis Express
 7:55 a. m.
 10:00 a. r.

 Evansville Express
 12:50 p. m.
 6:25 p. r.

 St. Louis Night Express
 8:00 p. m.
 7:15 p. r.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Indian Apolis, Saturday Evening, July 18, 1868. The following are the quotations of Government bonds, gold, etc. I nited States sives of 1881

5-20's 1862..... 1864.... 1865.... .. 10-40's, 7-30's,

Phillips' Provision Circular. CINCINATI, July 17, 1868.

The provision market early in the week was buoyant, and holders succeeded in establishing a further advance in most articles of the Hog product. This, however, checked the demand from consumers, and speculators withdrew. The cessation of the demand caused some anxiety on the part of a few holders to realize, and most of the orders were either filled or withdrawn. The market ruled heavy, and though concessions were made, it did not lead to any increase in business. The market closed dull, and still lower prices would have to be accepted in order to effect sales of any magnitude, while holders, in many cases, rofused to sell. It would be difficult to buy to any extent at my quotations. CINCINNATI, July 17, 1868.

many cases, refused to sell. It would be difficult to buy to any extent at my quotations.

Mess Pork—Early in the week advanced to \$29, but at the close, \$28 would have been accepted—no buyers over \$27.50@27.75 for city brands.

Lard—Also advanced and sold at 18c. At the close is was offered at 172c, without buyers.

Bulk Meats—Were in fair demand during the greater part of the week, and holders succeeded in establishing an advance. At the close they were neglected. Shoulders offered at 112c, and sides at 14c. Clear rib and clear, nominal at 15c. Hagon—Sympathized with. Bulk meats are quiet at my quotations. Shoulders. sides at 14c. Clear rib and clear, nominar at eagle 15g all loose.

Bucon - Sympathized with. Bulk meats are quiet at my quotations. Shoulders, 14c. Clear rib sides, 16 gc. Clear, 17c. Hams quiet; plain, 17c; second pickle, 15c; sugar cured, 19620 gc. canvissed and packed.

Driod Beef - 18620 gc.
Plate Beef - \$19620 50.

Exports of the week were 484 barrels and 332 kegs of lard; 470 hogsheads, 652 tierces, and 42,-339 pounds bulk and bacon; 1,001 barrels of mork.

ork. Imports—188 barrels of lard: 16 hogsheads and 05 fierces of bulk and bacon; 738 barrels of Freights-Nominal and unchanged.

New York Money and Stock Market. NEW YORK, Saturday, July 18.

Money, quiet and easy at 3a5 per cent. on call loans.
Sterling, quiet at 10½a10%c.
Gold, firmer, opening at \$1 43½, declining to \$1 43%, advancing to \$1 44, and closing at \$1 43%a1 43%. Shipments of specie, \$327,870; for the week, \$1,944,138.

Government Stocks, active and firmer.

Government Stocks, active and armer. There has been considerable changing of 10-40's for 5-20's to-day owing to the high price of the former. Coupons, 1881, 114½ a114½; ditto 1862, 114½a114½; ditto 1864, 111½a111½; ditto new, 109½a109½; ditto 1867, 109½a109½; 10-40's, 108½a108½; 7-30's, 109½a109½. BANK STATEMENT.

Loans, \$282,915,490; decrease, \$1,232,218; specie, \$20,399,031; increase, \$1,163,683; circulation, \$34,004,111; decrease, \$64,091; deposits, \$228,130,749; increase, \$3,810,608; legal tenders, \$71,747,545; increase, \$3,

Stock market strong, the closing prices generally the highest of the day. The greatest advance was on Wabash, which rose 4 per cent; Canton, 46%4a48½; Cumberland, 32a34½; Wells Express, 24%a25; American Express, 46a45½; Adams Express, 52; United States Express, 46½a, 46½; Merchants Union Express, 24a24½; Quicksilver, 22½a23; Mariposa, 335; Pacific Mail, 100½400½; Western Union Telegraph, 35½a35½; N. Y. Central, 134½a135; Erie, 68¾a68½; Hudson 137½a139; Reading 95¾a95½; Ohio and Mississiopi 29¾a20½; Wabash 51¾a52; St. Paul 69½a69¾; ditto preferred 82¾a82½; Michigan Central 115; Michigan Southern 82½a82½; Hilmois Central 150½; Pittsburg 86¾a87; Toledo 102½a103; Northwestern 81¾a81½; ditto preferred 82¾a82¾; Fort Wayne 107½a 110; Columbus 90½; Missouri 91; New Tennessee 68¼; Mining stocks dull, Gregory 455; New York gold 77a80.

Imports for the week; Dry Goods \$1,480,619; General Merchandise \$3,199,823.

Receipts of the Sub-Treasury to-day were \$1,457,194, for the week \$13,192,226; payments to-day, \$2,540,897, for the week \$15,678; halance 881 \$47,245. Stock market strong, the closing prices

payments to-day, \$2,540,897, for the week \$1,625,678; balance \$81,877,245.

The Commercial says the lightness of the exports to-day seems to have been du considerable amount of bills against the bonds having been made yes-terday. One-half of ten million of specie was withdrawn and romittances was made

Owing to to the scarcity of double eagles some bankers are drawing against credit with the purpose of remitting, when able to get large coin at par. New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, Saturday, July 18. Dry goods market bnoyant, yet a little inactive.

Best heavy brown sheetings, 17a18%c;
Cabot A advanced to 17e; Bedford R firm
at 11c in the bleach; New York mills firm at 12s; Lyman cambries, 27;4c; Wan-kegan, 25c; to Water Twist, 19c; Wam-sutta muslins, 25c; Manville, 28c; Glas-gow, 20c; Lancaster, 23;4c; Bales, 19c; Fruit of the Loom, 21c; Quinneburg, 19c; Masonville, 1814c; Newmarket A, 18c; Androscoggin, 1814c; ditto Z, 20; Pequot, Printed calicos firm and in moderate

request at 13%1414% for leading makes, and 16%117%c for Spragues, blue and white, and blue and orange styles. A few New York styles of Manchester delaines then opened at 20c.

Cincinnati Market. CINCINNATI, Saturday, July 18, Flour steady.

Corn dull and prices lower; sales of ear Pata dulle sales at 74c. Cotton dull; sales of middling at 31c.
Tobacco dull and unchanged.
Whisky dull; sales at 35a40c in bond.

Provisions dull; no accurate quotation can be given; no demand to establish rices. Groceries quiet and unchanged. Linseed oil firm; sales at \$1 04ai 05 vith sales reported of 300 barrels at the atter rate.
Butter unchanged and quiet,
Clover seed held at 12c,
Gold at ## 48, buying.
Money market easy.

New York Market. NEW YORK, Saturday, July 18.

New York, Saturday, July 18.

Cotton quiet and steady; sales of 750 bales at 313/432c for middling uplands.
Flour-Receipts 1,535 barrels; market dull and 5a10c lower; sales of 1,809 barrels at 6 30a6 85 for superfine State and Western; 7 75a8 30 for extra State; 7 75a 98 for extra Western; 10 30a12 40 for white wheat extra; 8 15a12 60 for round hoop Ohio; 8 75a10 00 for extra St. Louis; 10 00a14 50 for good to choice ditto, closing dull. California dull; sales of 500 sacks at 9 85a12 23.

Rye Flour quiet; sales of 250 barrels at 7 50a9 80.

50a9 80. Corn Meal steady; sales of 250 barrels Corn Meal steady; sales of 250 barrels at 700, Marsh's caloric.

Wheat—Receipts, 15,991 bushels, spring wheat; market more active and a shade firmer; sales of 23,000 bushels at 230 for white Canada; 246 for white State; 256 for white California; 250a2 70 for prime to choice white Michigan; last evening 11,000 bushels of No. 2 spring sale at 185 11,000 bushels of No. 2 spring sold at 1 85

Rye; Quiet. Barley and Barley Malt; Dull and nom-Corn; Receipts 102,217 bushels; Dull and about 1c lower; sales of 65,000 bushels at 1 00al 09 for mixed Western affoat; \$1 09a1 09 for mixed Western affoat; \$1 09½ for higher mixed, nearly yellow; 95a99 for damaged. Oats; Receipts 17,903 bushels; a shade better; sales of 9,000 bushels at \$1a82c for Westernin store; and \$8a833/c dittosfloat; 83c buyers' option for all the month. Rice; Quiet.

Coffee; Quiet and firm. Sugar; steady, with sales of 500 hogs-leads of Cuba at 11½c. Molasses; Quiet. Hops; Dull, with sales at 10a30c for Cash Capital. Cash Assets...

Petroleum; Quiet at 1714c for crude, and 34% for refined in bond. Coal; Unchanged. Leather; Hemlock sole_firm_at_27a29c, and Buenos Avres heavy weights at 29a30c; middles and light ditto.

and Buenos Ayres heavy weights at 29a30c; middles and light ditto.

Wool quiet; Sales of 340,000 pounds at 42a43c for domestic fleece.

Provisions: Pork quiet; sales of 2,850 barrels at 828 50a37 for new mess, closing at 828 15, regular; \$28a28 25 for old ditto; \$22a22 27 for prime; \$24a24 50 for prime mess. Beef steady; sales of \$1 60 barrels. Beef hams quiet; sales of \$1 60 barrels at \$28a33. Cut meats steady; sales of 270 packages at 124a134c for shoulders; 164 a174c for hams and middles.

Lard a shade better; sales of 34 tierces at 16a174c for steam, closing at 174c for prime, and 174a184c for kettle rendered. Also, 250 tierces of steam, buyers' option for August, at 174c; 250 tierces, buyers' option for August, at 174c; Butter quiet at 20a28c.

Cheese steady.

Freights to Liverpool, firmer; engagements for 40,000 bushels of wheat, per

ments for 40,000 bushels of wheat, per steam, at 7%d.

LATEST MARKET—FIVE P. M. want of the local trade want of the local trade.

Wheat dull and declining for spring, firm for Winter. No 2 Spring is held at 1 83a1 85; for No 1 Spring 1 93a1 95. Shippers offer 180 for No 2; and 190 for No 1 Cash Assets...

pring.
Rye nominal; sales at 175a185.
Oats heavy; sales at 81a81/4c in store, Oats neavy; sales at 81a81½c in store, and 83c affoat.

Corn dull and heavy; Sales at 106a109 for new mixed western affoat.

Provisions—Pork quiet; sales at 28 10a 28 15, for mess, cash and regular. Beef steady with moderate demands. Cutmeats; demands unchanged. Bacon nominal

Lard firm; Sales at 17% a17%c; fair to prime steam render. Eggs firmsales at 25ca27.

Chicago Market. CHICAGO, Wednesday, July 18.

Flour ruled steady, but the demand is light; sales at \$9a11 for winter extra; \$9 Total 0 25 for good to choice spring extra, and \$6 50a7 50 for spring superfine.

Wheat dull and nominally easier; No. 1 spring sold at \$1 90; No. 2 ditto at \$1 71 at 74, closing with buyers of No. 2 at \$1 70%; sellers at \$1 72. Sales of No. 2 at \$1 71 at \$1 71. Sales of No. 2 at \$1 71. Corn easier and 1%c lower, with sales of

| Buying, Selling, | 1.14% | 1.14% | 1.14% | No. 1 at 89\\(4\)\(2\)\(6\)\(1.08% \$1 20 on track. 1.09% Barley quiet: Barley quiet; sales of one car load of new by sample at \$1.25, delivered. Provisions were dull and firmer. Mes ork sold at \$28 25, standard, and at \$28

straight. Clear sides sold to the extent o 12,500 pounds at 17c, packed. Lard was nominal at 16%(a/17c, Freights are dull and firmer at an ad ance of 1/4c on rates.

Beef cattle very quiet, almost nominal losing quiet at yesterday's quotations. Hogs firm at \$8.62½@9.25 for good to hoice. Receipts: 3,605 barrels flour: 7,05 ushels wheat; 137,169 bushels corn; 12,194 ushels oats; 249 head hogs. Shipments: 5,238 barrels flour; 5,283

Dushels wheat, 93,510 bushels corn; 2,100 bushels oats; 8,914 head hogs. Memphis Market. MEMPHIS, Saturday, July 18.

Cotton nominal; receipts 3 bales; ex orts none.
Flour dull, with sales of superfine a Wheat: sales at 1 60a1 90. Corn; sales at 97a1 00. Oats; sales at 75a78c. Hav: sales at 27 00a18 00.

Bran; sales at 23 00.
Corn Meul; sales at 4 40a4 80.
Provisions; sales of pork at 20a29 50.
Bacon heavy; sales of shoulders at 131/e; lear sides 17c. Lard; sales at 181/a191/c.

Last night was the hottest ever known are by the oldest inhabitant; the mercury

at two o'clock this morning stood at 96 Louisville Market. Louisville, Saturday, July 18.

Tobacco, market very quiet. Flour; sales of surperfine at \$6 75a7 ancy at \$11a11 50. Wheat; sales at \$1 75a1 80. Corn: sales at 95a96c. Oats; sales at 80a83c. Rye; sales at \$1 45.

nye; saies at \$1 45.
Provisions; mess pork; sales at \$28 50.
Bacon, sales of shoulders at 13½e; clear sides at 17½c. Bulk meats, sales of shoulders at 12c; clear sides at 16c.
Lard; sales of the Lard; sales at 18c. River falling. Theremometer stood at

00 degrees at three o'clock this afternoor Cleveland Market. CLEVELAND, Saturday, July 18. Flour steady; sales of red winter city at \$11 50a11 75; ditto country, \$10 50a11; XX spring, city made, \$10a11 50, country,

89 25alo. Wheat held at 2 20 for No. 1 red and \$2 04a2 041/4 for No. 2. Corn dull; sales at 94c.

Oats held at 75c. Rye; market dull and inactive and held 75al 80 for No. 1. Barley market nominal. Petroleum excited, more active and better sales; refined, at sellers' option for the first half of August, at 30c, closing with holders asking 31½ a32c for August.

New Orleans Market. NEW ORLEANS, Saturday, July 18. Cotton dull; middling 31c; sales of 150 balos; receipts 118 bales; exports 97 bales. Sugar dull; Louisiana fair to prime, 13% a15½c; Cuba molasses, 4a5c. Flour dull; superfine \$7 25a7 50. Corn 90a90½c.

Oats quiet. Hay unchanged.

Mess pork \$30. Bacon quiet; shoulders 13½a13½c; clear sides 17½a17½c.

Lard irregular; tierce—18½a18½c; keg

Philadelphia Market. PHILADELPHIA, Saturday, July 18. Petroleum lower; sales of crude at 21c: Flour dull and weak.

Wheat in less demand; new red \$2 40a
45; white \$2 50a2 55.

45; white \$2 50az 55. Rye declined to \$1 75. Corn comes in slowly; sales of mixed vestern at \$1 17. Oats unchanged. Provisions unchanged. Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, Saturday, July 18. Flour quiet, prices unchanged. Wheat quiet; sales at 184% for no 1: Wheat quiet; sales at 181% for no 1; 172 for no 2. Oats lower; sales at 66a66% e for No 2. Corn lower; sales at 89c for No 2. Receipts. Flour 300 barrels; wheat 4,-000 bushels; oats 2,000 bushels; corn 2,-

900. Shipments. Flour 1,000 barrels; wheat 23,000 bushels; oats 1,000 bushels; corn Baltimore Market. BALTIMORE, Saturday, July 18. Flour nominal and unchanged.

Wheat heavy; sales of red at \$2 10a2 35.

Corn firm; sales of white at \$1 14a1 16;

yellow at \$1 14. Oats steady; sales at 85c. Rye unchanged.

Provisions firm and unchanged. NOT. A FLATTERING LIKENESS. friends meeting, one remarked: "I have just met a man who told me I looked exactly like you." "Tell me who it was, that I may knock him down," replied his friend. "Don't trouble yourself," said he, "I did that myself, at once."

Morton having announced himself in favor of paying off the bonded debt in legal tender notes, we suppose his next forward step will be to pay off the legal tenders in "key-notes." He can issue the latter in quantities to suit. A MATERNAL MEN.—At a recent rail road celebration, the following sentiment was given: "Our mothers the only faithful tenders who never misplaced a

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A ND ARE PREPARED TO INSURE DESI-rable Property to any extent which may be required: di cocon anchari

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International Insurance Comp'y, OF NEW YORK, \$500,000\$1,059,780 53

Yonkers and New York Ins. Co., OF NEW YORK.

Enterprise Insurance Company OF CINCINNATI.

Merchants' Insurance Company OF CHICAGO, ILL.

Flour closed dull at 10c lower. The demand confined to supplying the pressing City Fire Insurance Company HARTFORD, CONN.

> North Western Mutual Life INSURANCE COMP'Y.

MILWAUKEE, WIS. Capital, none......(Purely Assets, over apr24 d3m3dptopcolnexttocommercial(Purely Mutual. MEDICAL.

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Also successfully treated by inhalation. The wonderful effects of reducing medical agents to a vapor, by the use of the "ATOMIZER,"

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Nervous Diseases of the Animal or Cerebro Spinal System.

Paralysis, Fits, Convulsions and Rheumatism can be cured, no matter of how long standing. Seminal Losses, Spermatorrhora, Sterility, Impotence, Apathy and Sexual Indifference. These diseases are the bane of contention in married life, and the frequent cause of matrimonial infelicity and infidelity.

It is not so much on account of the debility of the genital organs and loss of virility that I mention these last diseases here, but for the serious mental and physical prostration they produce.

The day is not far distant when all the mysterics and intricacies connected with these diseases will be well understood; not until then will the practice of medicine be simplified. I treat them solely by Electrical means, and the use of my

"Regenerater."

CONSTITUTIONAL DISEASES. Under this head are those diseases which are due to some morbid condition of the blood, and de-prayed condition of the fluids.

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Corner Niagara and Mohawk Streets.

BUFFALO, NEW YORK.

Mr. Horace Withman Sir: I have carefully investigated your process of making vinegar, and have also subjected to chemical analysis several samples which I took from casks in your sate. Hishment. This process insures the production of a uniformly good, wholesome and agreeable Vinegar. I find it free from sate and agreeable vinegar of the sate of other days of the sate of the s

INDIANAPOLIS

Took first premium at New York State and County Fairs, 1867, over all competitors; will produce the greatest and most perfect vacuum without which FRUIT will not keep well. This Jar has been thoroughly tested in the market for the last four years, and has proved to be un-surpassed by anything of the kind in the mar-ket. There is no danger of breaking this Jar while applying the self-sealing cover—thus ef-fecting a great saving over all screw and lever If you want to save money, buy your Boots and Shoes at No. 23 East Washing-Consult your interest and buy no other but the ton street. Messrs. E. H. Mayo & Co SELF-SEALING JAR. buy the big pile of Shoe Stock they sell directly from the best Manufacturers, and having no Jobbers' profits to pay, COLEMAN & BARNES, Proprietors,
Rochester City.
ica d3m H. H. WEST & CO., Agents. can sell lower and furnish better good than those retailers who purchase of

Wholesale Houses. Our work come from first hands, and made for consum DISSOLUTION. Dissolution of Co-Partnership. ers. Mayo's Shoe Store is deservedly ers. Mayo's Shoe Store is deservedly a popular house, because they sell only the best goods at the lowest market prices. Visit this establishment, 23 East Washington Street. feb4 d6m THE co-partnership known as Hiesley & Wood was, by mutual consent, dissolved this July 14th, William Hinesley having sold his interest in the above named firm to Frank Mansur. The firm name will, in the future, be known as Woord & Mansur.

All parties having accounts with Hinesley & Wood will render the same to H. Wood, at their old office, West Pearl street, Indianapolis.

WILLIAM HINESLEY, HEMAN WOOD.

FRUIT JARS.

Spencer's Patent Self-Sealing

PATENT.

OCHESTER

The easiest to

Having sold my interest in the Livery Stable known as Himeeley & Wood's, Pearl street, to Frank Mansur, I take pleasure in recommending the liberal patronage enjoyed by Hinesley & Wood to the new firm of Wood & Mansur. jyld did: WILLIAM HINESLEY.

TOBACCO WORKS. INDIANAPOLIS

J. A. MAY & CO.,

TOBACCO WORKS

Manufacturers of and dealers in all kinds of

PLUG TOBACCO

Office, No. 67 East South Street

All Brands Warranted. HOOSIER TOBACCO WORKS.

J. CAHALL & CO.. Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of

PLUG TOBACCOS West Pearl Street, near Canal.

Having recently fitted up a New Establishment

For the manufacture of all the best brands of PLUG TOBACCOS

W E invite dealers throughout the city and State to call and examine our Goods.

see Our facilities are the largest in the State, and not to be excelled in the Northwest.

my5 d3m MEDICAL. THE GREATEST MEDICAL BLESSING OF THE AGE!

Dr. Kennedy's Rheumatic and Neuralgia Dissolvent. READER, you may consider this a sort of spread-eagle heading, but I mean every word of it. I have been there. When your system RHEUMATIC

pain, and you can not even turn yourself in bed, or sitting in a chair you must sit and suffer, in the morning wishing it was night, and at night wishing it was morning.

When you have the NEURALGIA, when every nerve in your being is like the sting of a wasp, circulating the most venomous and hot poison around your heart and driving you to the very verge of madness. When you have the SCIATICA, (that I have just got through with,) that most awful, most heart-withering, most strength-destroying, most spirit-breaking and mind-weakening of all diseases that can afflict our poor human

When you have the LUMBAGO, LUMBAGO,

lying and writhing in agony and pain, unable to
turn yourself in bed, and every movement will
go to your heart like a knife-now tell me, if reilef and a cure of any of these diseases in a few
days is not the Greatest Medical Blessing of the
Age, tell us what is!

You will take a table-spoonful and three spoonfuls of water three times a day, and in a few days
every particle of Rheumatic and Neuralgic pain
will be dissolved and pass off by the Kidneys. Manufactured by DONALD KENNEDY, Rox ury, Mass. Price \$1 50.

For sale by Stewart & Morgan and Browning & PRINTING. ORDERS for Portraits, views of Buildings, Business Houses, Landscapes, in fact every description of work will be promptly attended to Estimates for work cheerfully given, and persons need only send as good photograph or ecorrect Drawing, to ingure a satisfactory job.

MARBLE. JASON DAME. DRALES IN 1110EI American and Italian Marble. NO. OF BAST WASHINGTON STREET, near-Notice of the street CLEVELAND.

Cleveland File Works. Established in 1852. JOHN PARKIN, - - PROPRIETOR. Nos. 23 and 25 Columbus Street, CLEVELAND, OHIO. FILES AND RASPS Of every description manufactured and recutin the best style. jes d3m

A. & H. FISH & CO., Manufacturers and dealers in Lumber, Lath And Shingles. Especial attention given to filling orders for Building and Bridge Timber.

Yard No 3 Carter Street, between Sen eca St. and C. C. and C. R. R., je3 d3m CLEVELAND, O Forest City Varnish Co., Manufacture VARNISHES.

And Liquid Dryers,

Painters' Fluid, Gasoline from 70° to
85° gravity. Ohio Turpentine,
Rooding Pitch, Dead Oil and
Paving Cement. Also, dealin

Paints, Oils. Turpentine, Glass, etc. Office 126 Superior Street, je3 d3m CLEVELAND OHIO

ELLIPTIC CAST STEEL SPRING WORKS CORLETT BRO 'S & CO., Manufacturers of all kinds of Cast Steel Springs, (Of extra temper,) For Railroad Cars. Buggies, Etc.,

Cor. West River and Second Sts.,

CLEVELAND, OHIO

je3 dly

CLEVELAND

CALVIN CARR. State Rolling Mill Co., Manufacturers of Bar, Band and Hoop Iron,

ALSO,
Plain and Galvanized Sheet Iron. Orders respectfully solicited. Office and Warehouses, 85 and 81 Merwin Street.

FOREST CITY LAMP WORKS. KIMBALL & SMITH, PROP'S, Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of Railroad, Baggage and Hotel Checks, Hand and Signal Lanterns. Locomotive Head Lights, and all kinds of Vessel Signal Lights an Glass for repairing the same.

Je3 d3m CLEVELAND OHIO GARDNER, BURT & OVIATT, PRODUCE Commission Merchants. Proprietors UNION GRAIN ELEVA-TORS, (capacity 250,000 bushels,) Salt Lime, Plaster, Fish, etc.

No. 15 Frankfort street.

Liberal cash advances made. je8 d8m CLEVELAND, OHIO. CLEVELAND BRASS AND PIPE WORKS. 59 and 61 Center Street. TATE, WORSWICK & HAYES, Brass Founders and Finishers. Manufacturers and Dealers in WROUGHT IRON PIPE.

IRON FITTINGS.

Receivers and shippers of heavy

fice: - - Over the Bee Hive Store And Brass Goods, for Steam, Water, Gas and Oil. fe3 dly THIS COMPANY HAS-February 1, 1868-The largest number insured. 52,334 Policies.
The largest amount insured. 5194,321,889 00
The largest amount of Assets. 25,319,319 00
The largest annual income from
premiums. 8,857,296 00 BLACKING. USE MASON'S BLACKING ENAL CHALLE 10,173,047 61

> PREPARED BY Passmason flo TO M FRONT 52 PHIL It Shines for All! For Sale by all Dealers.

MEDICAL. EXCLUSIVELY FOR LADIES.

LA BANDANAH,

OR LADIES' FRIEND, A substitute for Periodical Randages, an entirely new invention, recommended by all the Emment Physicians is Europe and America, indispensible to every Miss and Married Lady during menthly indispesition. It preserves cleanilines, in elegant, easy, reliable, and durable; gives perfect freedom of action, and prevents final colds, is also a certain preventative and radical cure-tor all Female Discases. Retail price \$2 and \$3. Forwarded free on receipt of price, (with 24 cents postage,) to any address. Lady Agents wanted, circulars free. Also, on sale at all respectable druggists.
Address. Bandanah Manufacturing
Company. Principal Debot, 649 and
651 Broadway, New York. Bje2ldawam

MONUMENTS, ETC. BYO. CARPENTER. Prof. of Chemistry, in the University at Buffalo.

The article is warranted to be pure Cider Vinegar, and up to Government standard.

CONLEY, WILES & CO. Agents, Indianopolis, MANUFACTURER OF MONUMENTS, TOMB and Grave Stoges. Markle Mantall, Table Tops, Bhate, Medallions, Tablets, etc., etc. Designs and plans furnished, and the work executed in the best style of art, and of first class material. No. 36 East Market street, first door east of new Journal building, Indianapolis, Indiana. MEDICAL.

DR. WM. THOMSON'S

Office and Consultation Parlors are located at No. 29 South Delaware Street.

WHERE he will continue to treat and cure Private Diseases, in all their species, stages, ramifications and phases.

Dr. Wm. Thomson will-give to each patient a written instrument, binding himself to effect a radical and permanent cure, or make no charge.

Dr. Wm. Thomson has made the treatment of Private Diseases a Dr. Win. Thomson has made the treatment of Private Diseases a specialty since the year 1851—three years in the city of Buffalo, New York, eight years in Chicago, Illinois, and two years in Peoria, Illinois, During eight years practice in Chicago, Illinois, he cured over thirteen thousand cases.

Dr. Win. Thomson, in his practice for Scrofula, Rheumatic and general diseases of the blood, uses a Fumigating Vapor Bath of the most ingenious kind, in conjunction with internal treatment.

nious kind, in conjunction with internal treatment.

SEMINAL EMISSIONS, the consequence of self-abuse. This solitary vice, or deprayed sexual indulgence, is practiced by the youth of both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, producing with uncertain extenting the following train of morbid symptoms, unless combatted by scientific medical measures, viz: Sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyes, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, and noises like the rustling of leaves and rattling of chariots, uncasiness about the loins, weakness of the limbs, confused vision, blunted intellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, a disjlike to form new acquaintances, a disposition to shun society, loss of memory, heetic flushes proaching strangers, a dislike to form new acquaintances, a disposition to shun society, loss of memory, heetic flushes, pimples and various cruptions about the face, furred tongue, night sweats, fetid breath, coughs, consumption, monomania, and frequently insanity.

The afflicted, on the first appearance of any of the above symptoms, should immediately apply to Dr. Wm. Thomson for relief.

sep Office and Consultation Parlors, No. 29

South Delaware street, Indianapolis, Indiana.

P. O. Box 1650 mar10 dly

PIANO FORTES. C. A. GEROLD & CO.,

Piano Manufacturers. Warerooms and Finishing Department, No. 32 South Meridian street: Factory, No. 126 North New Jersey. WE invite the public in general to call and examine our stock of Pianos, which, in workmanship, durability, touch, richness, depth, and brilliancy of tone, are unsurpassed by any other, and at prices less than can be purchased elsewhere combining the same qualities.

**Bar*Turning and Repairing promptly attended at the space of five years.

five years.

Baruning and Repairing promptly attended myl6 d3m MEDICAL. Thirty Years' Experience in the

Treatment of Chronic and Sexual Diseases. A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE. The cheapest book ever published—containing nearly three hundred pages, and one hundred and thirty fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the human organs in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on early errors, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by a report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent free of postage to any address, on receipt of twenty-five cents in stamp or postal currency, by addressing Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, New York. The author may be consulted upon any of the diseases upon which his book treats, either personally or by mail, and medicines sent to any part of the world.

DISSOLUTION. Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership known as M. Byrkit & Sons was mutually dissolved on the 31st day of January, 1968. M. Byrkit having rented to John W. and Edwin M. Byrkit the Planing Mill and all appurtenances, the business will be continued by them under the firm name of M. Byrkit & Sons, and all accounts will be settled by them.

M. BYRKIT, J. W. BYRKIT, E. M. BYRKIT. Having rented my Planing Mill, corner of Georgia and Tennessee streets, to John W. and E. M. Byrkit, I would most respectfully thank the public for their kind patronage for the past twenty-five years, and solicit the same kindness be extended the new firm. All persons knowing themselves indebted will please call at the office of M. Byrkit & Sons and settle up, as I wish to close up my business.

my22 d3m MARTIN BYRKIT.

MARTIN BYRKIT. MEDICAL. Purify Your Blood. USE

HURLEY'S SARSAPARILLA. THIS is the pure and genuine extract of the root, and will, on trial, be found to effect a certain and perfect cure of the following complaints and diseases: Affections of the bones, Habitual Costiveness, Debility, Syphilis, Scrofula, or King's Evils, etc., etc. HURLEY'S AGUE TONIC. Perfectly reliable. The only remedy for Chilis and Fever that is or that can be depended upon is Hurley's Ague Tonic There have been thousands cured by r sing it who had tried the usual remedies without benefit; but in no case has Hurley's Ague Tonic railed to effect a cure.

Hurley's Popular Worm Candy. As this is really a specific for Worms, and the best and most pala able form to give to children. Perfectly tasteless. Any calld will take it. Hurley's Stomach Bitters. For Debility, Loss of Appetite, Weakness, Indigestion, or Dyspepsia, want of action of the Liver, or Disordered Stomach, there are no Bitters that can compare with these. For sale by all

NOTICE TO MOTHERS. DR. SEABROOK'S Infant Soothing Syrup. Use in the future only Seabrook's; pleasant to take, harmless in its action, efficient and reliable in all cases. Invaluable in the following discases: Fummer Complains, Irregularities of the bowels, Restiveness, Teething, etc. Gives health to the child and rest to the another.

JAMES RUDDLE & CO., Proprietors, 41 Bullitt Street, Louisville, Ky.

The above remedies for sale by all good Driggists

CRAPES. THE CELEBRATED Walter Grape. A FTER twenty-five years experie

is a great grower and bearer, now contains label clusters of bloom; is very compact in clusters at the East, which is an advantage in marketing. We have not known the foliage to mildew to succeed in dry and very week soil. It as essentially of the Belaware, crossed with the Disabetter than either. Ripens before the Hartford therefore the earliest, hardiest and best water therefore the earliest, hardiest and best water therefore the earliest, hardiest and best water for packing. Sead stamp for beautiful cut and opinions of many vineyardiest. No charge for packing. Sead stamp for beautiful cut and opinions of many vineyardiest. jyl6 d&wlm

It makes the safest possible investments.
It is the oldest Mutual Company of the United States.

It is the most equitable Company in the world, and offers superior advantages in all the features of the business, combined with unequaled financial security.

jy8-dlm E. B. MARTINDALE, Agent.

OTTO BETTICHER, JOHN FEHRENBATCH, JOHN H. WILLY DR. WILLIAM COLLING Treasurer, MILTON SPENCER. RICHA off.

o anty Commissioner.
OLIVER JOHNSON. Criminal Prosecutor, JAMES L. MITCHELL Real Estate Appraiser,

CICERO VANLANDINGHAM County Surveyor. BATES HOSBROOK.

WILLIAM G. ELDER. For Assessor, (Center Township,)
DANIEL H. MERRYMAN. CITY NEWS

The gardeners will hold a picnic or Wednesday. Mr. Stilz steadily refuses to allow an more pienics in his woods.

A regular monthly meeting of the Y M. C. A, will be held to night. It is hard, sometimes, to distinguish be tween sun stroke and locust sting.

Reverened Henry Blanchard, of Brooklyn, has accepted a call from the Unitarian Society of this city. Brother Curry has gone down South to

hold a hell fire tournament with some other controversialist. Phew! Thatcher, who recently took an insufficient quantity of poison at the resi-

The name of Mr. Engle, of the Bellefontaine Railroad, appeared among the list of those recently son struck. A nine

city, suffocated a valuable horse a day or 3:4, distancing the other two. two since, by shutting him up in a tight stable.

A horse undertook to run away with a buggy on Market street yesterday, but the weather was too hot. He let down in the second square.

Brother Sims knows what many other divines should learn-how to preach short sermon. No man was converted after he got tired or hungry in his seat.

A country radical "oh's" for a boundless contiguity of shade-the darker and deeper the better. He could probably find a shade to suit him in Bucktown.

The Annual Report of the Indiana State University, at Bloomington, has been recoived, and exhibits the affairs of that institution in a flourishing condition. SUN STROKE,-Henry Bolhue, a gar-

dener on the Johnson place, a mile south of town, was prostrated while working in his garden on Saturday, and at last acounts was lying in a critical condition. THEATRICAL .- The Chicago Star Com-

pany will open a brief season at the Me-

POLICE COURT .- The following is a list of the drunks and disorderlies: Honora Ellsworth, \$12 25; Harry Zink, \$9 30; Mike King, 89 30: James Cunningham, \$9 30; Nick Weaver, 89 30; Frank Filler, 89 30; John Dresh, jail.

The Evening Commercial handsomely apologizes for having prematurely shuf- In the melee one of the women "busted" fled off August Richter's mortal coil, Mr. Holsman with a heavy beer glass, in its account, after all. The weather was and causing Mr. Holsman's blood to flow infernally hot, and though it didn't kill like the red wine of Scio. Uttering a brought him to his bier.

William Iten, a young gentleman of this city, bought a young sheep of a farmer on Saturday afternoon, which he put on a pasture in the rear of the Empire Saloon. Sunday morning "Billy" went into the Empire and ordered beefsteak and cakes he shouldered the other and carried it out to the sheep. We don't think "Billy" has had much experience in sheep rais-

Joseph W. Nichol Democratic candidate Corner, eleventh district, (corner of Illiing, July 21st, 1868, and at Kemper's cor-

Mr. Nichol will be accompanied by Dr H. F. Barnes and other candidates on the county ticket.

He described whisky and took to water.

Hr. Holsman's hour had not come, how-

weight being on the drivers. In letting tion of the heated term. the cars down the plane, the experiment of stopping at any given point, and starting up again, in the contrary direction, was tried and found to be a perfect sucsess. Altogether it is one of the most wonderful specimens of machinery ever made, and has been named the "REUBEN WELLS," in honor of the inventor.

BULL BEEF IN CINCINNATI.-Twenty butchers of Cincinnati address the following communication to the Board of

"We, the undersigned, butchers of Cincinnati, would respectfully inform your honorable body that there are being killhonorable body that there are being killed in our city, daily, for our market, a great many bulls, contrary to a law passed by the State of Ohio. It has become a growing evil, and, if not stopped in time, in a few years the majority of our cattle will be bulls, as it is more profitable to raise and feed them than it is to feed steers. Wishing to keep up the reputation that we, as butchers, have always sustained, we trust that your honorable body will give our petition your earliest attention."

Grand Army supported this disabled soldier, at the same time keeping up its the Nation, and predestries him to a political future full of honor. senseless protestations of being a charitable and fraternal organization. The White Boys in Blue is a po-The White Boys in Blue is a po-litical organization, and never professed Boys in Blue turn out at the reception of litical organization, and never professed Hon, Thomas A. Hendricks in uniform. to be anything else. It scor as the trans-

resident services of the servi

race was for a purse of \$40, mile heats two and the whole State ticket.

best in three, the harness. There were three entries. J. H. Caffey named s. g. loudly called for, and delivered a side boundary. C. dapes named g. g. Grey John; but able and eloquent speech.

Mr. Ur versaw named b. g. Brown Fox. pole, Loafer second and Fox on the out- Tuesday evening. side. After two unsuccessful attempts they all got off well together, Loafer taking the lead, closely followed by John, with Fox far behind, evidently playing low cunning. Loafer came in a length ahead, John second. Time 3:25.

Second Heat. Loafer was the favorite ten to four, and his backers were very confident. When called up they responded with alacrity, and got off in good style. Loafer took the lead, but was soon called by John, and they went neck and neck for three quarters of a mile, when John made a rush for the front and came in a half length shead in 3:22. Loafer

Third Heat, John now became the favorite, and pools went off lively. Loafer's friends still having confidence, and some of the knowing ones, thought that Fox had the best bottom and would take the heat; but Fox with all his cunning and running combined, failed to show his nose in front. When called up after a little skirmishing among the drivers, they got a good send off, John taking the lead very closely followed by Loafer for the first half mile, when John got tired of his company and left him to loof it in several lenghths in the rear. John's heat and race, time 3:17.

Second Race. This was for a purse of \$20, and closed with three entries. Mr. Unversaw named s. h. Charley; Mr. Meikel named r. m. Flora; Mr. Wilson named s. m. Lightfoot. In drawing for positions Charley got the pole, Flora cond. This race was to wagons, mile heats two in three. Flora was the favorite four to one, and proved true to her back-

dence of his mother on East street, is re-When called up for a start, they all came up well together, and got the word the first time. Flora immediately took the lead and soon left the other two far behind-so far that her driver couldn't see them without his spectacles, which he A man living in the north part of the didn't have along. Flora won easily, in

> There was quite a large crowd, and everything went off quietly. The track was in very fine condition. We under stand there are to be more races over the same course in a few days.

SUMMARY-FIRST RACE. Caffey's s. g. Loafer, Unversaw's b. g. Flora, 3 3 C. Mapes' g. g. John, Time, 3:25. 3:22. 3:17

SECOND RACE. Meikels r. m. Flora, Unversaw's s. g. Charles, distanced. Wilson's's. m. Lightfoot, distanced.

A BLOODY Row.-The temper of Isaac Holsman who lives in a little shanty on Kentucky avenue near the grave yard, seems to have been seriously affected by the weather. The flies vexed him excessively, the prickly heat drove him to the verge of lunacy, and his whisky disagreed with him. He panted, sweat, swore, and swilled, all to no purpose. The thermometer was inexorable, and Isaac Holsman's life was a burden to him, Mrs. Holsman, like a good wife, did all she could to mitigate Isaac's torment, but the more she soothed him with ice water and tropolitan to-night. Our old and some- the endearing little attentions of a marwhat adipose friend, Mr. Ferd. Hight, is ricd existence, the more he raved and stormed, and made an unreasonable brute of himself. Finally she threw up the sponge, and got drunk herself. Then ceeded to administer to Mrs. Holsman a vigorous threshing. Miss fume for the handkerchief, lasts forever, Jane Frexler, a step-daughter and, like the bouquet of the rarest wines fered and got a threshing for her pains.

through the medium of a sun stroke. The cutting a monstrous gash over his left Commercial was not so far out of the way eyebrow, severing the temporal artery, our worthy Street Commissioner, it wild shrick, Mr. H. fled the house, and ran to the river, leaving behind him a broad, red trail, as the vital current escaped from his gaping wound. Mike Scudder, who was sent down to investigate the matter, found Mr. Holsman sitting in the river bathing his bleeding temples and bemoaning his untimely for two. After eating one of the orders. River was discolored for yards around fate. The pure current of the placid White him, and it looked as if a whale had been harpooned thereabouts. No stuck pig or slaughtered ox ever bled as Mr. Holsman

Here was a beautiful exemplification been all his life a scorner of water. He nois and Tinker streets) on Tuesday even- sneered at it when mentioned as a beverage, and took his whisky straight. He ner, McCarty street, Wednesday evening said it was good for navigation, but he wasn't a navigator and would have none of it in his'n. But in his hour of affliction

A BIO Engine.-A monster locomotive sewed up the wound made by the cruel of the Mediterranean, that perfume is engine has just been finished for the Jef- tumbler, and in the cool and shady refersonville, Madison and Indianapolis cesses of the jail Mr. H. recovered. He Railroad, and will be used in place of the | was brought out Saturday morning, lookcog wheel engines in hauling cars up the ing a hundred per cent, better. Loss of plane at Madison. It was built at the blood, and deprivation from his accusshops of the company in Jeffersonville, by tomed rations of liquid fire, had subdued Reuben Wells, master mechanic, and is the prickly heat, and, with the exception said to be a rare specimen of mechanical of the ugly bandage over his eye, he was skill. It weighs fifty-eight tons, and on in very good care, indeed. He was fined a recent trial hauled four loaded cars up | \$12 60 in each case of assault. His wife, the plane from depot to depot in eleven Mrs. Mary Holsman, was fined \$16 30 for minutes, and sixteen box cars in fourteen disorderly drunkenness. There being minutes. It has water tank, wood box but little money in the Holsman family, and tender attached to the machine, the the two were sent to jail until the expira-

Meeting of the Union White Boys in

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Union White Boys in Blue was held at Washington Hall on Saturday night last, Frank Handlon, Secretaries.

On motion of Captain Kilgore, it was participate in the reception to be given the Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks. Gen John Love then offered the following resolutions, which on motion of Col.

John W. Blake, were unanimously adop-

ted:

Resolved, That we cordially indorse the action of the National Democratic Convention, and as cordially approve the platform presented to the country—feeling secure that the great principles enunciated must meet the approval of the people, and the Government be wrested from these lower and who seek its deep those now in power, and who seek its des-That we have full faith in the wisdon

sustained, we trust that your honorable body will give our petition your earliest attention."

We regret to learn that Cincinnati is so demoralized, while at the same time we are free to admit that we do not understand the reasoning of these honest butchers. "If," say these red-shirted legicians, "this evil of bull killing is not stopped in time, in a few years a majority of our cattle will be builts." How is that? The more bulls you kill, the more abundant they become! That reasoning is worthy of Indianapolis butchers.

The Grand Army of the Republic has not played out; but it was erganized to assist disabled soldiers and the orphans of soldiers, which probably accounts for the enmity of the Democrat.

The Grand Army of the Republic was organized to assist disabled politicians, and is played out. It was a false pretense—a gigantic hypocrisy. It supported General Elliott, who held office vigorous ly while his competitor was fighting and getting maimed in defense of the "dear old flag" which the Grand Army loves so much—simply because Mr. Koontz is a pemocrat. That is tho way in which the Grand Army supported this disabled soldier, at the same time keeping up its

ocracy not only of his own State ham, it was agreed that the Union White

THE TURE. -On Saturday afternoon two pose of purchasing uniforms and defray- Indianapolis Business Directory very interesting races came off at the ing other expenses, which were received. Camp Morion driving park. The first with loud cheers for Seymour and Biair,

On motion of Sergeant Burns the meet-The y were called to the scratch for a start ing then adjourned to meet at Washingabout half-past four, John having the ton Hall, at half-past seven o'clock, next

H. N. CONKLIN, President. G. W. KOONTZ, FRANK HANDLON, Secretaries.

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY-THE SCOUN-DREL GETS HIS GRUEL.-About one o'clock yesterday morning a burglar, masked and with a dark lantern in his hand, entered the house of Charles Johnson, on Root street, in McKernansville Johnson is a man about sixty-five years old, and follows the business of a market huckster. He was awakened by the light of the lantern falling on his face, and raised up in bed, when the rufflan sprang upon him. Having been robbed on five previous occasions, Johnson had become a little suspicious, and had provided himself with a large bowie knife, about seven inches long, and with a broad blade. When the burglar sprang upon and struck at him with a slung-shot, be warded off the blow with his arm, and stabbed his assailant in the left side with the knife, burying the entire blade in his body as shown by the traces of blood left upon it. The burglar screamed and made his escape out of the window, leaving behind him a broad trail of blood as far as the garden gate, where he seems to have got into a wagon and was hauled off. At least the dead animal man reports having seen a wagon drive rapidly southward, with two men in it, holding a third. Yesterday the police visited all the city physicians, to see if they had been called to attend the wounded man, but could hear nothing of him. If the knife entered his body straight, he is a gone gosling, but if it entered "slanting," he may possibly

recover. Yesterday officer Pryor Duvall arrested a fellow named Casper Hersly on a charge of robbing this same man Johnson.

United States Pension Office, Indianapolis, July 17, 1868. All invalid pensioners residing in this city and vicinity are requested to call at the agency on Monday and Tuesday, the 20th and 21st instant.

J. P. WIGGINS, 18-2t Pension Agent.

Woot IN Boston.-Hallowell and Coourn's Circular, July 17, gives the followng as the quotations of Indiana wool in Boston: Coarse, 42 to 45e; medium, 43 to 45c; fine, 45 to 46c.

Meteorological reports for the Indianapolis Academy of Medicine, by W. J. Elstun, M. D., Meteorological Committee Barom Ther Hygrom, Rain 29.36 75, 72.5 29.37 77, 70, 29.39 94, 80, 0.00 in 21.41 77.5 72, 29.42 79, 74, 20.39 92, 77, 0.00 in

LOCAL ITEMS.

France Snubbed by America. The universal opinion of the American people, that France has never produced a perfume superior to Phalon's new perfume, "Flor de Mayo," has greatly mortified the amour propre of the great tolled chemists of France, Neither Frenchmade perfumes nor French-made potentates are wanted on this side of the Atlantic. Sucreff Sold by all druggists.

Dead in Half an Hour. About J. 34 Pennsylvania street, opposite Postoffice. thirty minutes is the limit of an ordinary perfume's life. After that time has elapsed the effluvium is nauseous, but Phalon's "Flor de Mayo," the new perof one of the parties, imprudently inter- grows more and more delicate. Sold by all druggists.

Removal!-Dr. Johnston has removed his dental office from the Opera Hall building, to his new office, No. 19, West Maryland street, south side, adjoin ing his former residence.

The air advertises Phalon's "Flor De Mayo," the new perfume for the handkerchief. Delightful puffs of the article are encountered in every place of amusement, at every party, in every drawingroom. Tens of thousands of handkerchiefs diffuse the invisible evidence of its virtues in all directions, and "none name it but to praise." Sold by all druggists. 10-d2w.

The Purest and Sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it can take no for State Senator, will speak at Jones' of death had repentance. Mr. Holsman ht a other. Ask for "Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York.

Sold by all druggists. Dec.2-1y.M. "See Naples and die," says the Italian proverb. Inhale the odor of Phalon's new perfume, " Flor de Mayo," and you will say that life has for you another ever. Dr. Wands applied styptics, and charm. What Naples is among the cities

among the other perfumes of the world. Sold by all druggists. Moth, Patches, Freckles and TAN .- The only reliable remedy for those

brown discolorations on the face is "Perry's Moth and Freckle Lotion." Prepared only by Dr. B. C. Perry, 49 Bond street, New York. Sold everywhere. Mh25-d0meod. Dead in Half an Hour .-- About thirty minutes is the limit of an ordinary perfume's life. After that time has Insurance Company of New York.

elapsed the effluvium is nauseous, but Phalon's "Flor De Mayo," the new perfume for the handkerchief, lasts forever, and, like the bouquet of the rarest wines, grows more and more delicate. Sold by 13-d&w2. all druggists.

Othello's Mother was lucky in Major H. N. Conklin, President of the having a magic handkerchief which sub-Club, presiding, with G. W. Koontz and dued his father entirely to her will, but ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE. could she have sprinkled it with Phalon's "Flor de Mayo," the new perfume for the agreed that the Union White Boys in Blue handkerchief, she would have found it doubly easy to lead the old gentleman by the nose. Sold by all druggists.

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Headquarters in Indiana for CHINESE AND JAPANESE Keep constantly on hand a large assortment of TEAS

On motion of Major Frank Cunning- The Chinese Tea Store, (Established in 1852,)

e insidious and destructive effects of "blue d" on the system as a specific for this disease now entirely superseded by the use of these ld, antiseptic and vegetable remedies. They not only eradicate all traces of this complaint. but give vitality to the exhausted fun to the impaired constitution, and energy to the emaciated invalid. For indigestion, bill suspense, heartburn, etc., they are the only safe cure. Sold INDIANAPOLIS INSURANCE COMPANY'S
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Pleas of Marion county, Indiana, made and entered on the 3th day of July, 1868, the undersigned, as administrators of the estate of Oliver W. Johnston, deceased, offer at private sale:

Ist. The late residence of said deceased in the city of Indianapolis, situate in the south part of out-lot 93, in said city, fronting 90 feet on South street, and running back 148 feet in depth. The improvements thereon consist of a large and convenient two-story brick dwelling house, with stable and other out-buildings.

2d. The Hotel property known as "The Johnston House," situate on the National Road, three miles west of the city of Indianapolis, comprising the hotel building, which is a large two-story frame of thirty-six rooms, with basement, stables, and ether convenient out-buildings and improvements, and one and a half acres of ground, more or less, attached—the whole well suited for a Suburban Hotel.

3d. Also, the following real estate in Starko county, Indiana, to-wit: The north half of the southeast quarter, and the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter, and the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter

Indianapolis, July 17th, 1868-jy18 det BRUSHES. Indianapolis Brush Manufactory, No. 106 South Illinois Street,

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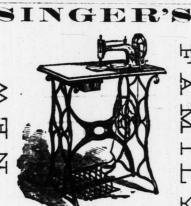
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